

MASON'S  
DELICIOUS  
O.K.  
SAUCE.

# Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General  
Post Office in the United Kingdom.

**N. LAZARUS**  
OPTICIANS  
13, Queen's Road Central

No. 22720. 號玖拾貳佰柒千貳萬式第 日陸拾月肆年未辛

HONG KONG, MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1931.

壹拜禮 日壹月陸年壹千九百三十一

Price Single Copy, 10 cts.  
Per Month, \$3.

## KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY. TIME-TABLE.

On and after MAY 29th, 1931, until Further Notice (all previous  
Time Tables cancelled).

### UP TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 2 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 12 A.M.	No. 14 A.M.	No. 16 A.M.	No. 18 A.M.	No. 20 A.M.	No. 22 A.M.	No. 24 A.M.	No. 26 A.M.	No. 28 A.M.
Kowloon	6.45	8.05	9.25	10.45	12.05	1.25	2.45	4.05	5.25	6.45	8.05	9.25
Yau Ma Tei	6.49	8.09	9.29	10.49	12.09	1.29	2.49	4.09	5.29	6.49	8.09	9.29
Shatin	7.00	8.20	9.40	11.00	12.20	1.40	3.00	4.20	5.40	7.00	8.20	9.40
Tai Po	7.14	8.34	9.54	11.14	12.34	1.54	3.14	4.34	5.54	7.14	8.34	9.54
Tai Po Market	7.19	8.39	9.59	11.19	12.39	1.59	3.19	4.39	5.59	7.19	8.39	9.59
Fauling	7.30	8.50	10.10	11.30	12.50	2.10	3.30	4.50	6.10	7.30	8.50	10.10
Shuangshui	7.35	8.55	10.15	11.35	12.55	2.15	3.35	4.55	6.15	7.35	8.55	10.15
Shumshu	7.41	9.01	10.21	11.41	13.01	2.21	3.41	5.01	6.21	7.41	9.01	10.21
Canton	7.50	9.10	10.30	11.50	13.10	2.30	3.50	5.10	6.30	7.50	9.10	10.30

### DOWN TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 13 A.M.	No. 15 A.M.	No. 17 A.M.	No. 19 A.M.	No. 21 A.M.	No. 23 A.M.
Canton	7.50	9.10	10.30	11.50	13.10	2.30	3.50	5.10	6.30	7.50	9.10	10.30
Shumshu	7.55	9.15	10.35	11.55	13.15	2.35	3.55	5.15	6.35	7.55	9.15	10.35
Shuangshui	8.00	9.20	10.40	12.00	13.20	2.40	4.00	5.20	6.40	8.00	9.20	10.40
Fauling	8.14	9.34	10.54	12.14	13.34	2.54	4.14	5.34	6.54	8.14	9.34	10.54
Tai Po Market	8.19	9.39	10.59	12.19	13.39	2.59	4.19	5.39	6.59	8.19	9.39	10.59
Tai Po	8.30	9.50	11.10	12.30	13.50	3.10	4.30	5.50	7.10	8.30	9.50	11.10
Shatin	8.41	10.01	11.21	12.41	14.01	3.21	4.41	6.01	7.21	8.41	10.01	11.21
Yau Ma Tei	8.45	10.05	11.25	12.45	14.05	3.25	4.45	6.05	7.25	8.45	10.05	11.25
Kowloon	8.50	10.10	11.30	12.50	14.10	3.30	4.50	6.10	7.30	8.50	10.10	11.30

**Sundays and Public Holidays only.**  
\* For First Class Passengers only. Will stop at any station on request.  
\* Sundays and Public Holidays excepted.  
Further information may be obtained at the Railway Offices, Kowloon or Canton, from Messrs. The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Ltd., Hong Kong, The American Express Co., Hong Kong, or The China Travel Service, 6 Queen's Road, Hong Kong.

By Order,  
GEO. A. WALKER, Manager,  
BRITISH SECTION,  
KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY

## HONG KONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONG KONG, CANTON AND MACAO  
STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

### HONG KONG—CANTON LINE.

Sailings from Hong Kong: Daily, at 8 A.M. & 10.00 P.M. (Sundays 10.00 P.M. only)  
Sailings from Canton: Daily, at 8 A.M. & 4.30 P.M. (Sundays 4.30 P.M. only)

### HONG KONG—MACAO LINE. SPECIAL SERVICE.

SAILING FROM HONG KONG—Daily at 8 a.m., 2 p.m. and 5.30 p.m.  
(Sundays 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. only).  
SAILING FROM MACAO—Daily at 3 a.m., 8 a.m. and 2.00 p.m.  
(Sundays 3 a.m. and 4 p.m. only).

### SALOON FARES.

WEEK DAYS.—Single: \$3.00; Return: \$5.00.  
SUNDAYS AND EXCURSIONS.—Single: \$2.50; Return: \$4.00.

### EXCURSION TO MACAO.

ON SUNDAY, THE 7th JUNE, 1931  
S.S. "SOI TAI"

Will depart from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf at 9 A.M.,  
and from Macao at 4.00 P.M.

NOTE.—All Steamboat Company's Steamers are fitted with Wireless.

## DIARY OF LOCAL EVENTS.

To-day.

(June 1.)

P.W.D. Sale of Crown Land, 3 p.m.  
Queen's Theatre: "Trader Horn."  
World Theatre: "Sky Hawk."  
Star Theatre: "The Desert Song."  
King's Theatre: "Just Imagine."  
Central Theatre: "The Singing Peony" (Chinese picture).  
Majestic Theatre: "The Isle of Lost Ships."  
Mei Lan Fong at Lee Theatre.  
Charity Performance.  
Third Annual Dinner of Heriot Club, Hong Kong Hotel, 8 p.m.  
Water Polo League competition begins.  
Dances: Tea Dance, H.K. Hotel; Dinner Dances, Hong Kong and Peninsula Hotels.

Tuesday.

(June 2.)

Rotary Club Tiffin; Speaker: Mr. J. D. Butler on "Electricity."  
H.K. University Medical Society, annual meeting, Union Assembly Hall, The University, 5.15 p.m.  
China Coast Officers' and Engineers' Guild, monthly meeting, 3 p.m.  
Queen's Theatre: "Trader Horn."  
World Theatre: "The Sky Hawk."  
Star Theatre: "The Desert Song."  
Central Theatre: "The Singing Peony" (Chinese picture).  
King's Theatre: "Just Imagine."  
Majestic Theatre: "The Isle of Lost Ships."  
Dances: Tea Dance at Hong Kong Hotel; Dinner Dances, Hong Kong Hotel and Peninsula Hotel.  
European Mail.—Outward: Europe via Siberia (Hiye Maru), 3.30 a.m.  
Wednesday.  
(June 3.)

Anniversary of the Birthday of His Majesty King George V. Public Holiday.  
King's Birthday Reception at Government House, 9.30 p.m.  
King's Birthday Parade at the Cenotaph, 10 a.m.  
Queen's Theatre: "Trader Horn."  
World Theatre: "The Sky Hawk."  
Star Theatre: "The Desert Song."  
Central Theatre: "The Singing Peony" (Chinese picture).  
King's Theatre: "Just Imagine."  
Majestic Theatre: "The Isle of Lost Ships."  
Dances: Tea Dance, Hong Kong Hotel; Dinner Dances, Peninsula and Repulse Bay Hotels.

## "AWAY WITH FOOD FADS."

KEEP AN EYE ON WHAT SUITS YOU.

### THE DANGER OF FOLLOWING ORDINARY CUSTOM.

"Away with food fads" is a sound and sensible slogan; but, as in the case of the Bible and Shakespeare, anybody may claim to have the only correct key to its interpretation writes Dr. Leonard Williams in the *Evening Standard*.

What is a fad? Well, a fad is foolish heterodoxy. And what is heterodoxy? That question was put to a celebrated bishop (Soppy Sam Wilberforce, if I am not mistaken), and he replied: "Orthodoxy is my doxy; heterodoxy is the person's doxy."

And if that is the case with a system which you can compress into thirty-nine articles, how much more applicable must it be to a system like dietetics, in which everyone is necessarily a law unto himself, and unto himself alone!

#### Because He Likes Them.

It is a curious thing that man should be the only animal who has no instinctive knowledge as to what he ought to eat. He is guided solely by custom, which for the most part is dictated by ignorance and greed. He does not eat things because they are good for him; he cannot, because he does not know what is good for him. He eats things because he likes them, and because he likes them he swears they must be good for him; and when you tell him they are bad for him he promptly spits "faddism" at you.

It is also a curious thing that in a matter of such serious import to the community science should have afforded so little help in enabling us to differentiate between the dietetic requirements of the various types of individual. The absence of such knowledge creates the genus faddist.

#### Not His Fault!

The man who is accounted a faddist is the unfortunate person who is constitutionally unable to deal with foods which the majority are able to digest quite easily, and he persuades himself that the fault lies, not in himself, but in the substance which upsets him. He therefore denounces the substance in a loud

voice, and like the fox without his tail, seeks to make as many converts as possible.

Faddism is, however, by no means confined to the physiological degenerate who seeks to elevate his digestive disabilities into a cult; it is even more rampant among the people who arrogate to themselves the title of the only normals.

The first sort may be called the selective faddists; they talk a lot of nonsense but they do no harm. The second may be called the omnibus faddists; they hold and practise the doctrine that enormous quantities of cooked meat foods, taken three times daily, are essential to keep up the strength of the man who, leading a sedentary life, is unable to justify these gluttonies by a commensurate expenditure of physical effort.

#### Logging the Wheels.

This type of faddist does an enormous amount of harm both to the community and to himself. To the community by encouraging people in the facile vice of greed, and to himself by clogging the wheels of his mental and physical efficiency. This is the kind of person who is ultimately driven by his habits to drink sulphur waters at health resorts, in preparation for the sulphurous fate which deservedly awaits him hereafter.

Another kind of faddist is he who examines all his food microscopically, so to speak; who seeks to estimate its caloric content, to measure its vitamin value, to apportion the relative amounts of protein, fats and carbohydrates, and finally to weigh it in the scales so as to be sure that there is no excess in the general quantity.

This person is, of course, an admirable though tiresome lunatic who ought to be made to live on bully-beef and skilly for three months in every year.

That would "larn" him.

#### Idiosyncrasies.

It would be easy to multiply types, but the man we really want to know about, so that we may learn to emulate him, is the healthy, wholesome person who is not in any sense a food faddist.

(Continued on Page 2.)

## THE HONGKONG

PENINSULA HOTEL;  
HONG KONG HOTEL;  
REPULSE BAY HOTEL;  
PEAK HOTEL.

AND

## SHANGHAI

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL;  
PALACE HOTEL.

## HOTELS, LIMITED.

IN ASSOCIATION WITH THE  
GRAND HOTEL DES WAGONS,  
LITS, PEPING.

The Only Hotel in CANTON  
Directly under European  
Management.

**THE VICTORIA HOTEL**  
SHANGHAI  
Guides  
and Trips  
arranged for  
and Special Care  
Taken of TOURISTS.  
Cable Address: "VICTORIA."

## THE HONG KONG SPORTING ARMS & AMMUNITION STORE.

5-6, BEACONSFIELD AVENUE.

Sporting and Athletic Goods  
Movie Cameras and Accessories  
Hunting Wear  
Shooting Equipment.

YOU  
ARE INVITED TO INSPECT OUR  
STOCK OF

ASIATIC, FOREIGN AND  
COLONIAL

## POSTAGE STAMPS

IN SETS, SINGLE PACKETS,  
BAGS, AND IN APPROVAL  
SHEETS.

## GRACA & CO.

DEALERS IN POSTAGE STAMPS  
PHILATELIC GOODS, PICTURES  
POSTCARDS, TOYS, &c.  
10, WYNDHAM STREET,  
P.O. Box No. 620. HONG KONG

## LOCAL MAPS

Peak District,  
Kowloon,  
Victoria,  
New Territories.

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS.

Courtesy, Comfort, Service  
and Luxuries of Modern Hotel  
Construction

## THE HOTEL RIVIERA MACAO

Cable Address:—"Riviera, Macau."

## THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

£1,000 on attaining the age of Fifty-five.  
Premiums moderate. Conditions liberal.

Particulars from—

**DODWELL & CO., LTD.**  
AGENTS,  
2, QUEEN'S BUILDING.

## Wind through the Rugged Canadian Rockies



## Take the SCENIC ROUTE Home

From Vancouver or Prince Rupert, palatial trains carry you through the highest of the rugged Canadian Rockies, by the easiest gradient and lowest altitude of any transcontinental line. Thrills greet you at every mile. You see Mount Robson, monarch of the peaks, and the Alpine wonders of Jasper National Park. Stop off there, if time permits, or at Minaki the Beautiful in the lake and woods region of Western Ontario.

All-steel transcontinental trains daily, with radio-equipped observation cars, and unsurpassed and moderately priced dining car service.

Through bookings on all steamship lines  
For rates, literature and information apply  
1410 BOWLING, HONG KONG

## CANADIAN NATIONAL

The Largest Railway System in North America  
(SEPARATE AND DISTINCT FROM CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY)

## SMALL SPACE

### CAN HAVE

strong attention value by the proper use of white space and an eye-arresting spot. Effective lay out and intelligent use of space will sell your goods better than three times the amount of indiscriminate advertising. This service is given to all clients by the

HONG KONG DAILY PRESS.

## Lane, Crawford's Restaurants.

TIFFIN \$1.50.

### Lane, Crawford's

RESTAURANT  
Exchange Building.

Puree Jackson Soup  
Baked Fish Marquetry  
Birds Nest Egg, Shredded Potatoes  
Grilled Veal Chop and Chips  
Roast Chicken and Stuffing  
Young Chou Chow Fan  
Roast Potatoes, Boiled Potatoes  
Long Beans  
Lemon Cream Tart  
Fruit  
Tea or Coffee

### SUGGESTIONS FROM THE "COLD BUFFET."

Steak and Kidney Pie ... \$1.20  
Pickled Fish ... .80  
Oysters ... 1.00  
Tomato and Potato Salads .30  
Lamb Chop in Aspic ... 1.05  
Roast Chicken (large portion) 1.20  
and Ham (small) .75  
Corned Beef ... 1.00  
Biscuits Glace ... .50  
Apples, Peaches or Pears .50  
Gorgonzola ... .45

### King's Restaurant

King's Theatre Building

Scotch Broth  
Cold Fish Salad  
Bubble and Squeak  
Baked Chicken on Casserole  
Roast Wild Duck and Guava Jelly  
Cold Steak and Kidney Pie  
Mixed Salad  
Roast Potatoes, Boiled Potatoes  
French Beans  
Apple and Raisin Tart, Custard Sauce  
Fruit  
Tea or Coffee





Consumers are requested to see that every bottle of John Haig Gold Label Whisky as supplied by us bears the foot label thus: "Gande, Price & Co., Ltd., Sole Agents for Hong Kong."

SOLE AGENTS:

**GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.,**

St. George's Building, Ice House Street,  
DIAL 20135. HONG KONG.

## Hong Kong Weekly Press

Special Interview with Mr. Eugene Chen  
Canton to Re-conquer China  
The Luna Building's Murder  
Shatin Railway Smash Inquiry

These Money Theories  
The Whitsun Holiday Races  
and  
Other Interesting Features.

THE PAPER WITH THE YELLOW COVER.

Price:—30 Cents.

Annual Subscription: Hong Kong, \$13; Post Free to any address, \$18; Quarterly Subscription, \$4.50.

Orders should be sent to the

HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, LTD.,  
TELEPHONE: 30251. 11, ICE HOUSE STREET.

### LESSON SERMON.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST,  
SCIENTIST, HONG KONG.

"Ancient and Modern Necromancy, 'alias Mesmerism and Hypnotism, denounced' was the subject of the Lesson-Sermon in all Churches of Christ, Scientist on Sunday, May 31.

The Golden Text was: "Sing unto the Lord, praise ye the Lord; for he hath delivered the soul of the poor from the hand of evil doers." (Jeremiah 20; 13.)

Among the citations which comprised the Lesson-Sermon was the following from the Bible: "There shall not be found among you any one that maketh his son or his daughter to pass through the fire, or that useth divination, or an observer of times, or an enchanter, or a witch, Or a charmer, or a conjurer with familiar spirits, or a wizard, or a necromancer. For all that do these things are an abomination unto the Lord, and because of these abominations the Lord thy God doth drive them out from before thee." (Deut. 18; 10 to 12.)

The Lesson-Sermon also included the following passage from the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health, with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy: "Christian Science goes to the bottom of mental action, and reveals the theodicy which indicates the rightness of all divine action, as the emanation of divine mind, and the consequent wrongness of the opposite so-called action—evil, occultism, necromancy, mesmerism, animal magnetism, hypnotism." (p. 104.)

### WIVES URGE PRISON FOR POLYGAMIST.

WANDERING SAXOPHONE  
PLAYER MEETS HIS  
DESERTS.

New York, April 27.—With four of his six wives in the court room, one of them hysterical and the other three urging the "limit" for him, Robert J. Gooding, a wandering saxophone player, was sentenced to serve two and a half to five years in Sing Sing prison for bigamy.

In face of the overwhelming evidence Gooding pleaded guilty. One wife was so overcome by indignation she had to be carried from the court room screaming and kicking. The remaining three made no comment other than to urge that a severe sentence should be meted out to their too-loving spouse.

## BRITAIN'S MIDDLE CLASSES.

### MORE ATTEMPTS AT TRADE UNION OPPRESSION.

#### WHAT OF AN "INCOME TAX STRIKE."

Political power is lost by the failure of its possessors, whether individuals or classes, to perceive when they have gone far enough by their inability to pull up in time, writes "A.A.B." in the *Evening Standard*.

In their early days the trade unions performed two social functions of great value: they taught the manual workers to combine for the purpose of collective bargaining, and they extracted subscriptions from their members to provide assistance for one another in sickness, unemployment, and old age.

Their success was their undoing, for it attracted vote-hunting politicians. The trades unions became first the spoils children and finally the masters of one of the great parties in the States. The results were the Trade Disputes Act of 1906; the Political Levy Act of 1913; the General Strike of 1926; the amended Trade Disputes Act of 1927; and, finally, the failure during this session to replace the Act of 1927 by a new charter of licence.

#### Almost a Blessing.

The General Council of the Trades Union Congress have learned nothing from the history of the present century, or even from the events of the last five years. Great as was the injury inflicted upon our trade by the General Strike, from which we have not yet recovered, it was almost a blessing, for it clearly established the fact that the trades unions are not the nation, who will not be bullied by organised labour. The behaviour of all young and old of both sexes, was simply splendid during that short and sharp specimen of civil war.

Undaunted by this defeat, the trades unions tried this session to repeal the new amended Trades Union Act, and again they failed.

Incredible as it appears, Mr. Hayday and his General Council now come forward with a proposal which, if serious, must ruin their reputation as practical counsellors. They intend to suggest to the Royal Commission on Unemployment Insurance the abolition of the contributory system and its replacement by a new income-tax on all income of every kind, beginning with 1 per cent., or 2d. in the £, on incomes below £250 and graduated upwards until it reaches on average of 1s. 6d., or 7 per cent., an average, I suppose, arrived at by a much larger percentage on the higher incomes, which now, as everybody knows, pay in income-tax and surtax, anything from 7s. to 12s. in the £.

#### Economic Insanity.

This new income-tax, calculated to be equal to a tax of 2s. 6d. and to bring in £150 millions, is to be earmarked for the support of all unemployed persons, in all occupations, including domestic service and agriculture, without any contributions or any relation to the means or industrial qualifications of the recipients, except, indeed, their supposed needs.

If benefit should be paid at a flat rate to all claimants, an agricultural labourer with a wife and three children would receive 45s. a week when out of work compared with 30s. a week when in work.

In the last five years the State has taken from a twelfth of its citizens 700 million pounds in surtax and death duties, a sum equal to the total of the National Debt before the War. The danger of modern finance is that it deals in sums beyond the mental grasp of the masses, to whose imagination a thousand is about the figure on their horizon. It is difficult to bring home to the average voter that a sum equal to the former National Debt has been taken from the

earnings and accumulations of the clever and industrious minority, and spent in the doles, pensions, school-bills, maternity benefits, subsidised houses, etc., of the jovial masses, who pour into London from the provinces in their thousands to watch a football match.

#### Real Victims.

No material Government, purse in hand, attends the middle class man "from the cradle to the grave." Why not? In the first place, because he is out-numbered, and in the second place because he cannot combine. Is it not time, if they want to escape subversion, that the large class which stretches between the territorial aristocracy and the proletariat should shake off its infirmity complex?

If the aristocracy appear to be washed out, they have had a long and glorious innings, and they have still got their names, their manners, and their cousinships to help their careers in the City. It is the middle-class man, the lawyer, the doctor, the painter, the journalist, the professor, the clerks, secretaries, and accountants, who are the real victims of the present system which taxes them to death in order to relieve the weekly wagemen of civic duties and responsibilities.

#### Bled to Death.

As wages have doubled and trebled so has the cost of living. The reason why the middle-class man and the small capitalist are being bled to death is that they lack the power of combination. Artisans can combine, but the classes above them cannot combine; they want the courage and the faculty of co-operation. The British rubber industry is ruined because the planters and their directors could not combine to defeat the American tyre-makers and because they cannot now combine with the Dutch or even amongst themselves to force some scheme of restriction upon their Governments.

The British colliers can combine, and have obliged the Government to introduce the quota system. If the middle classes were to combine against the unjust distribution of taxation, if any considerable number, for instance, were to strike against the income tax, we should quickly see an equitable readjustment of direct and indirect taxation.

But it is waste of time to talk of economy and idle to hope for a recovery of trade so long as high wages, short hours and exorbitant fees for supervision combine to make our goods too dear for the modern purchaser.

### A LITTLE

care in setting up an advertisement often doubles its selling power. It is that little extra thought and care, which is given to every advertisement drawn up in the office of the Hong Kong Daily Press, which brings good results.

## "AWAY WITH FOOD GLADYS COOPER AS WITNESS."

(Continued from Page 1.)

There may be more than one view on this question; here at any rate is mine. There are very few people who are entirely free from idiosyncrasies in the matter of food. Some of us revert to our carnivorous ancestors and have a consequent distaste for fruits and vegetables; others of us revert to our herbivorous ancestors and cannot abide meat foods.

Some cannot eat shellfish, others are unable to eat mushrooms; others, again, suffer horribly if they eat so simple a thing as a strawberry; and, incidentally, be it said that an increasing number of unfortunates such as asthma and hay-fever are being conclusively proved to result from certain of these dietetic idiosyncrasies.

#### Be Independent.

Now, apart from giving rise to definite symptoms, there are many types of food which, though harmless to the majority, do not suit certain people who are apparently quite normal. Flesh foods, for example, do not agree with some people, baby puddings do not agree with others and so on.

The disagreement does not proceed to the point of provoking illness, but it does go to the length of impairing efficiency, and the redressing of it uses up energy which would be more profitably employed elsewhere.

The refusal to recognise this obvious fact, writ large in the ridiculous uniformity of the diet of the majority, accounts for a great deal of the subacute ailing which we see around us. Those many persons who, though not ill, are never really well, are usually the unconscious victims of this deadly compliance with dietetic custom.

Independence and self-expression are more necessary in diet than in anything else.

#### Business Proposition.

The sensible man who desires to be free from the annoyance and disabilities of petty ailments sets out to ascertain what sort of diet is best suited to the kind of life he leads.

If he is unable to take plenty of exercise then he restricts his intake both in quantity and quality. If he is observant he is not long in discovering whether, within the four corners of his ordinary dietary, there are any items which, owing to an idiosyncrasy on his part, he had better avoid. And he conducts this inquiry not with thermometer, needle-syringe and microscope, but with a pencil and a sheet of paper, as a business proposition to see how he can make the best of a very puzzling problem, towards the solution of which there is little to guide him save general principles, experience and common sense.

When the diet most suitable to the individual has been thus ascertained it should, of course, be adhered to as a matter of routine. But there should be a reasonable degree of elasticity. Rigidity encourages introspection and boredom, one of which destroys the soul; the other the body. Here, as elsewhere, variety is the salt of life, and one of the most serious of the many objections to fads is that they limit the field of legitimate choice.

Away, then, with fads. It is what you do habitually that matters, not what you do occasionally.

### QUOTATION FROM HER AUTOBIOGRAPHY.

WHAT SHE WROTE OF  
ROBERT LORRAINE.

Miss Gladys Cooper was called as a witness during the hearing in the King's Bench Division of the libel action brought against Mr. Robert Lorraine, the actor, and lessee of the Apollo Theatre, London.

Plaintiffs are Mr. Archibald Parnell and Mr. Alfred Zeitlin, who carry on business in Golden Square, W., as theatrical agents and producers.

They claim damages for libel and slander alleged to be contained in a letter dictated by Mr. Lorraine with reference to payment of his salary in connection with his engagement by the plaintiffs, who produced the French war play, "The Man I Killed."

Publication of the letter, malice, and that the words bore a defamatory meaning were denied. Alternatively, Mr. Lorraine pleaded privilege and that the words were true.

Mr. Neville Laski, K.C., and Mr. Gilbert Boyfus were for the plaintiffs; Sir Patrick Hastings, K.C., and Mr. G. O. Slade were for the defendant.

Miss Sarah Allgood, who took a leading part in the play, gave evidence that the custom in the theatrical profession was to pay salaries on Fridays.

Mr. Lorraine, further cross-examined, said that he never doubted the financial stability of the plaintiffs, although he had a slight suspicion that Mr. Parnell was evading payment of moneys due to him.

"What was in my mind," added Mr. Lorraine, "was that, in view of the quibble in respect of the deduction of one-eighth of my salary at Birmingham, in view of Mr. Parnell's slight irritation at my refusal to let him the Apollo Theatre on similar terms to those which he had been offered for the Criterion, and in view of his annoyance at my refusal to forgo a week's salary, I thought I should have some difficulty and delay in obtaining the money due."

#### Payment of Salaries.

Miss Gladys Cooper (Lady Pearson) said that the custom in the profession throughout her experience, extending over many years, as an actress, manageress, and producer, was to pay salaries on Fridays.

Cross-examining, Mr. Laski quoted from witness's autobiography, in which she wrote, under the heading, "I fall out of love with Raffles":

"The theatre is full of erratic people. There is, for one, Robert Lorraine. There is a man of infinite charm and brilliant ability.

But how he does rub people up the wrong way at times."

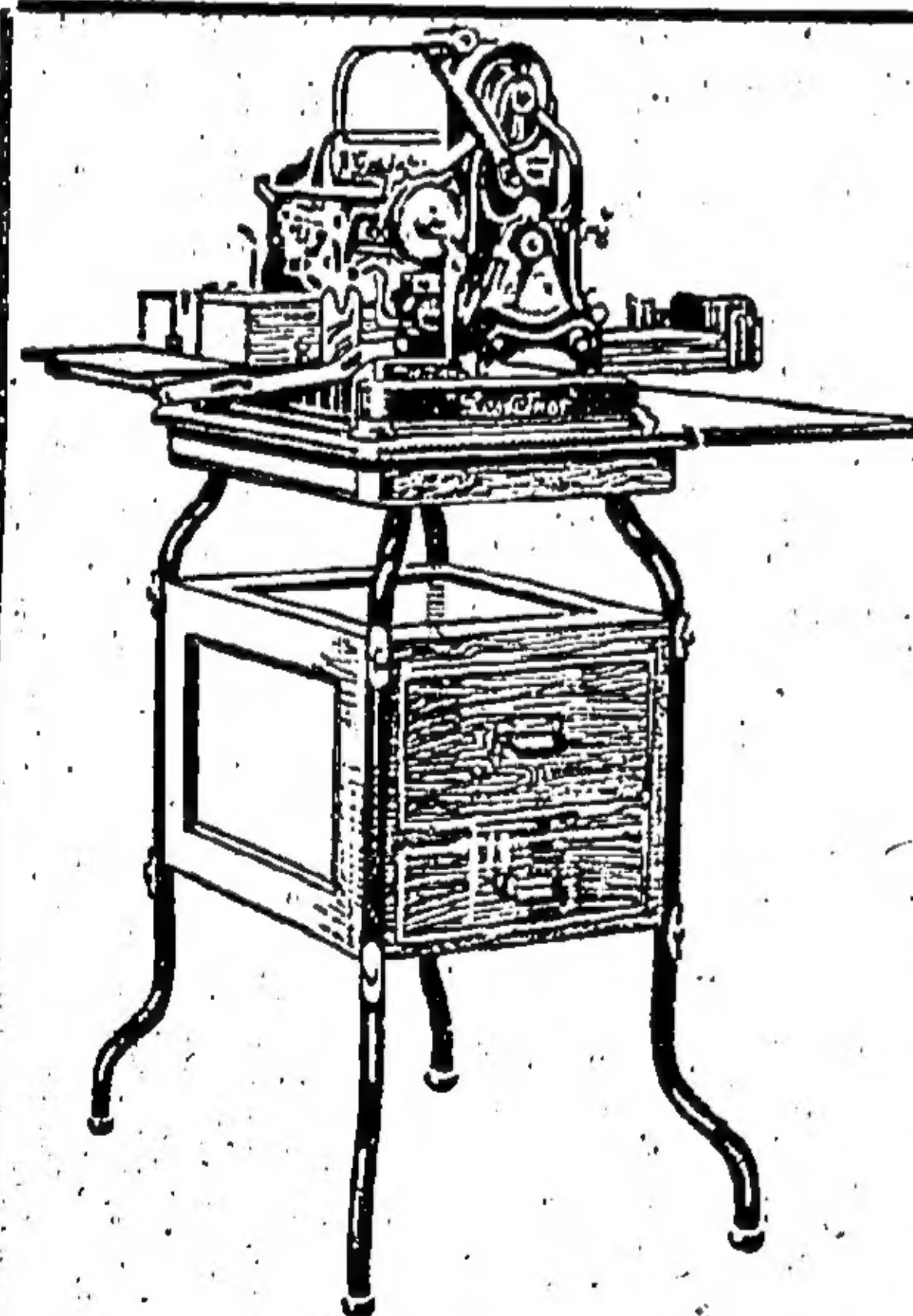
Asked about the custom of payment of salaries, witness said: "It is a long time since I have been paid; I always hand out salaries."

Sir Patrick Hastings (re-examining): "What did you mean when you wrote that Mr. Lorraine rubbed people up the wrong way?—That he was very strict in the theatre."

In your view is that a good thing or a bad thing?—Very good.

Are you strict in your theatre?—Not so strict as I ought to be.

Mr. Laski asked the jury not to be led away by the courtesies of Miss Gladys Cooper in the witness-box.



**BIG  
BUSINESS**

will follow

When a GESTETNER  
is used for your sales  
campaigns, Gestetner is the  
machine gun of commerce.

You can shower sales messages  
on the desks of possible customers at any moment you wish.

Get details of the Gestetner  
and the Gestetner service from

**Gestetner**  
(Eastern), Limited.

6, NEW BANK BUILDING,  
DES VŒUX ROAD, CENTRAL.

Phone 25358.

**Gestetner**



# CENTRAL THEATRE

SHOWING TO-DAY  
SPECIAL TIMES  
At 2.00, 4.30, 7.00 & 9.30 p.m.

The First Chinese  
"Talkie" Produced  
in Shanghai

Miss BUTTERFLY WU

"The Singing  
Peony"

A BEAUTIFUL DRAMA OF  
CHINESE STAGE LIFE.

NEXT CHANGE

A First Class British  
Production

GAUMONT BRITISH  
PICTURES CORP., LTD.

present

"BALACLAVA"

Cyril MacLaglen Benita Hume  
Alf Goddard Miles Mander

A GAINSBOROUGH THRILLING  
ALL-TALKING PICTURE.

Directed by MAURICE ELVEY.

Booking at Anderson's and  
the Theatre (Tel. 25720).

## Assistance for Liberia.

Dr. M. D. Mackenzie has been designated by the League Health Organisation to proceed shortly to Liberia, where he will elaborate a plan of public health and sanitation re-organisation in accordance with the recent plan of assistance worked out by the Committee of the Council which met in London early in March. It is now planned that the three experts—the others being M. Henri Brunot on colonial administration and M. Th. Lighthart on finance—shall go together at an early date. Their report will probably be submitted to the Council Committee in September. Dr. Mackenzie worked for two years in connection with the control of typhus and malaria in Soviet Russia, and of cholera and plague in Mesopotamia, and went on mission for the League to Greece, Bulgaria, Bolivia and Czechoslovakia in response to requests by these countries for the collaboration of the League. The special problem in Liberia is yellow fever, which is particularly prevalent during the months of May and June. This disease has undoubtedly played a part in retarding the development of this and neighbouring countries and is of great economic importance. In the formulation of these plans, the United States took a full part, following her acceptance in February of the Council's invitation to work out a plan of assistance.

## TO-DAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME.

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON  
355 METRES.

CYMBAL RECITAL FROM THE  
STUDIO.

11 to 11.30 a.m.—Stock quotations.  
11.30 a.m.—Chinese programme.  
12.30 p.m.—European programme.  
1 p.m.—Local time, weather report.  
1.30 p.m.—Rugby Press news, etc.  
2 p.m.—Close down.  
5 to 7 p.m.—Chinese programme.  
7 to 10.30 p.m.—European programme of Victor records supplied by Messrs. Tsang Fook Ping Co.  
7 p.m.—Stock quotations.  
7.03 to 7.30 p.m.—

### Variety.

Orchestral—"The Waltzing Doll." Victor Concert Orchestra.  
Orchestral—"At Dawning." Victor Concert Orch.—20963.  
Saxophone Solo—"La Cinquantaine" (The Golden Wedding).—Rudy Wiedoeft.—10771.  
Song—"When You and I Were Seventeen." John McCormack (Tenor).—1086.  
"Impressions of London" (Actual Recording).—Stanley Roper.—20029.  
Banjo Solo—"The Doll Dance."—Eddie Penbody and his Banjo.  
Banjo Solo—"St. Louis Blues."—20004.  
Accordion Solo—"Medley of Italian Airs."—Pietro.—12-61710.  
7.30 to 8 p.m.—

### Organ Solos.

"Oh! Promise Me!" (Scott and De Koven).—Jesse Crawford.  
"Because" (Teschemacher and D'Hardeot).—Jesse Crawford.—20063.  
"The Palms" (Faure).—Mark Andrews.  
"Through His Wounded Side" (Rossini).—Mark Andrews.—10007.  
"Humoresque" (Dvorak).—Jesse Crawford.  
"A Dream" (Corey-Bartlett).—Jesse Crawford.—21250.  
8 p.m.—Local time and weather report.  
8.03 to 8.45 p.m.—

### Orchestral.

"Song Without Words" (Tchaikovsky).—Philadelphia Symphony Orch.  
"Prelude" (Chopin).—Philadelphia Symphony Orch.—1111.  
"If I Had You" (Shapiro-Campbell-Connelly).—Victor Salon Orch.  
"Deep Night" (Rudy Vallee-Henderson).—Victor Salon Orch.—21928.  
"Swedish Wedding March" (Suler-Mann).—Victor Concert Orch.  
"Norwegian Bridal Procession" (Grieg).—Victor Concert Orch.—20805.  
"The Magic Song" (Meyer-Hellmund).—Marek Weber and his Orch.  
"Salut d'Amour" (Elgar).—Marek Weber and his Orch.—20750.  
"Sous Bois" (In the Forest) (Straub).—Victor Concert Orch.  
"Minuet" (Bocherini).—Victor Concert Orch.—20630.  
"French Kisses" (Rudolph).—Marek Weber and his Orch.  
A gem from "Paganini" (Lehar).—Marek Weber and his Orch.—20023.  
8.45 to 9 p.m.—

### Pianoforte Solos.

"Minuet" (Paderewski).—Ignace Jan. Paderewski.—6690.  
"Prelude in D Flat" (Chopin).—Ignace Jan Paderewski.  
"Prelude in A Flat Major" (Chopin).—Ignace Jan Paderewski.—6847.  
9 to 10 p.m.—

### From the Studio.

Cymbal recital by Professor A. Barna, assisted by Miss Luba Pecker.  
Zimbal.

1. "March" (Turkish).  
2. "Samson et Delila" (Saint Saens).

# KING'S THEATRE

HONGKONG'S FINEST CINEMA

SHOWING TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

GIRLS  
SNAP  
INTO IT!

No more waiting for  
the better half to get  
dotted up! Every wife  
will be a 10-second  
dresser in 1930. How  
will they do it? Watch  
Marjorie White in



Telephones

25313,

25330.

Booking

at

the

Theatre

That rollicking romance  
of 1930

De Sylva, Brown and Henderson's  
**JUST IMAGINE**

with **EL BRENDAL**

Maureen O'Sullivan John Garrick  
Marjorie White Frank Albertson

Directed by

DAVID BUTLER

Dr. Mei Lan Fang

is kindly giving a performance

at the LEE THEATRE on

MONDAY, JUNE 1st

at 8 p.m.

Proceeds in aid of the following charities:—

The Ministering Children's League

The Tung Wah Hospital

(Eastern Extension)

St. John's Ambulance Brigade

Prices of Admission: \$10.00, \$6.00,  
\$3.00, \$2.00 and \$1.00.

Tickets from Messrs. Moutrie and The Lee Theatre.

The Lee Theatre has been kindly lent by  
Richard Lee, Esq., and executors of the late  
Lee Hy San, Esq.

3. "Romance Kirantian" (Russian).

4. "Portuguese Dance" (Oliviera).

5. "Mazurka" (Hienavaska).

"Gavotte" (Beethoven).—Fritz Kreisler.—1150.

"Meinuet" (Bach-Wintermiltz).—Fritz Kreisler.—1130.

Xylophone and Metalphone.

1. "Seranada Mando lina" (Dzorn).

2. "Serbian Dance" (Serbe).

3. Fox Trot (Barna).

10 to 10.27 p.m.—

### Concert Items.

Violin Solo—"Persian Song" (Glinka-Zimbalist).—Elrem Zimbalist.—1164.

Song—"Last Rose of Summer" (Thomas Moore).—Madam Amelita Galli-Curci (Soprano).—1355.

String Quartette—"Quartette in B Major" (Mozart).—Budapest String Quartette.—9209.

Song—"For You Alone" (O'Reilly-Geehl).—Enrico Caruso (Tenor).—507.

Song—"A Dream" (Cory-Bartlett).—Enrico Caruso (Tenor).—507.

Piano Solo—"Fantaisie—Impromptu" (Chopin).—Harold Bauer.—4340.

10.27 to 10.30 p.m.—Rugby mid-day Press news.

10.30 p.m.—Close down.

## THE SILVER SCREEN.

KING'S THEATRE.

"JUST IMAGINE."

"Just Imagine," which opened yesterday at the King's, is a film which should not be missed.

The film has opportunities beyond that of any other medium of story telling. The legitimate drama is bounded by the dimensions of the stage, the written story by the intelligence of the reader; but the man who sets out to tell a story on the cinema screen has the use of the earth, sea and sky for his scenery. He has amazing resources of money at his command, a very wide choice of actors, and the astonishingly clever tricks of the photographer to help him in creating illusions. For the past two years his shadow players have been able to make their voices heard, and, in addition, by no means unsuccessful attempts have been made at colour photography.

It was the apparent want of realization of the chances offered by the film that made many of the first talking pictures disappointing. Having gained a big step forward in getting sound the cinema world seemed to be struck by a sudden timidity and feared to take their actors off the stage. They went even further in producing a series of film versions of stage plays. But quite apart from the vast vistas of nature which the film has for an ever changing and living back cloth, there was always this opportunity of presenting something beyond the world. The film is free of the world of fantasy, if only those that make films can find the imagination to create that world.

There have been hints of a realization of this opportunity in "The Thief of Bagdad" and "The Lost World" to take two not very successful attempts. Now comes "Just Imagine" which transplants us to New York in 1930, and, still further ahead, to Mars.

There are scenes of real imagination, fantasy has been linked with beauty in some of them, not as it usually is to-day with grotesque ugliness. There is humour and humanity to present a more comfortable entertainment for those who do not like to have their intellect called upon for their enjoyment, and the humour is never too crude to spoil the pleasure of others.

In fact none of the well established ingredients of a successful film are lacking. There is the film heroine, Maureen O'Sullivan, a choice of two handsome young men, John Garrick and Frank Albertson, a "funny man," El Brendel, who is most entertaining, and Marjorie White, a clever little comedienne. There are numbers of attractive young ladies in amusing, scanty, and pretty costumes, and, leading them the lovely Jovelle as the Martian queen, and one good song. Whether you want to have your imagination stirred, to laugh, or to see a crowd of pretty girls, or to enjoy all three, you cannot do better than see "Just Imagine."

QUEEN'S, STAR AND WORLD THEATRES.

"TRADER HORN."

Wild animals in the African jungles recorded their own voices for a talking picture during the course of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's "Trader Horn" expedition.

It was found feasible by animal photograph hunters to set flashlight traps which automatically took action pictures when the beasts stepped upon release springs during nightly prowls.

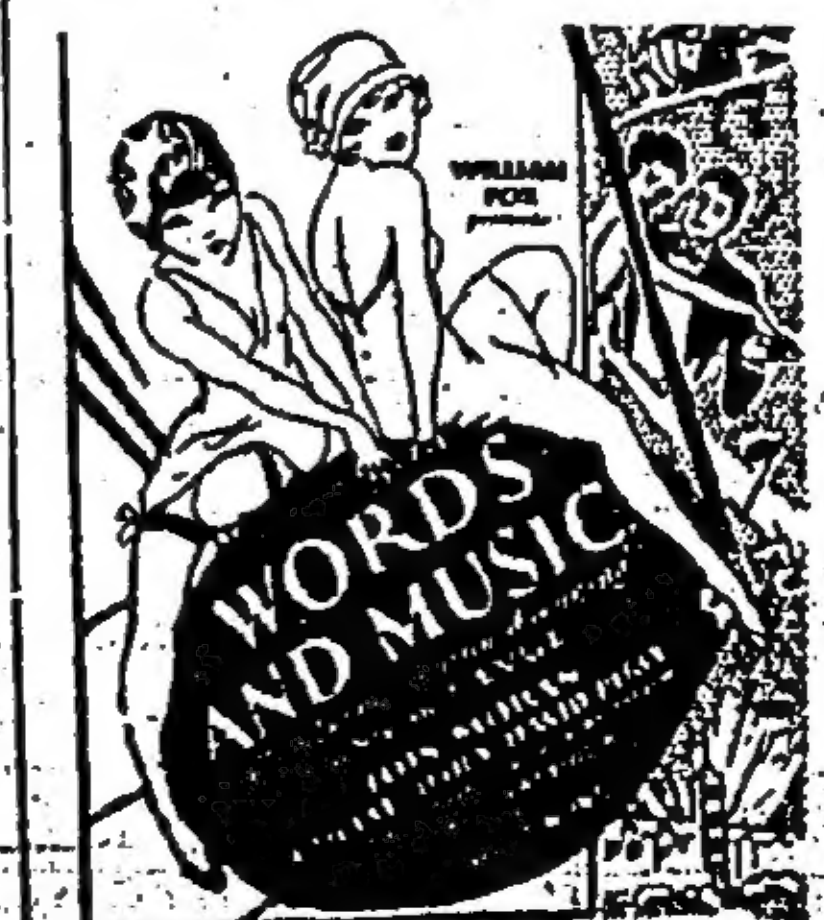
W.S. Van Dyke, the director, and his staff arranged sound-recording devices in the same manner in an attempt to obtain the shouts and screams of the jungle beasts as described in Horn's narrative.

The experiments met with remarkable success. Not only did the company secure recordings of animals in their natural activities, but also obtained the sounds and cries of animals in vicious battles.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

"A LADY'S MORALS."

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW  
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.20.



Nine musical numbers are heard in "A Lady's Morals," which will open shortly at the Queen's Theatre with Grace Moore, Metropolitan Opera star, in the leading role. Four songs written by Oscar Straus and Clifford Grey are "It Is Destiny," "Barefooted," "Idyll Song," and a student's chorus. Herbert Stohart contributed a Swedish pastiche and "Oh Why," with lyrics by Harry Woods and with lyrics by Harry Woods and Arthur Fred. Harry Woods wrote "Lovely Hour," the first song to be written for the screen by the well-known composer. The remaining two numbers are from popular operas, one being an aria from "Daughter of the Regiment" and the other the celebrated "Casta Diva" from "Norma."

## MOVIELAND FEATURES FOR THE WEEK

QUEEN'S

SHOWING TO-DAY  
At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.

The Cruellest  
Woman in All  
Africa!

—a white Goddess,  
she ruled a nation  
of savage blacks!



TRADER  
HORN

The Miracle Picture is  
here! The greatest of  
all adventures!

A beautiful love story  
sweeping through an  
amazing drama of a  
savage world.

directed by

W. S. VAN DYKE

NEXT CHANGE



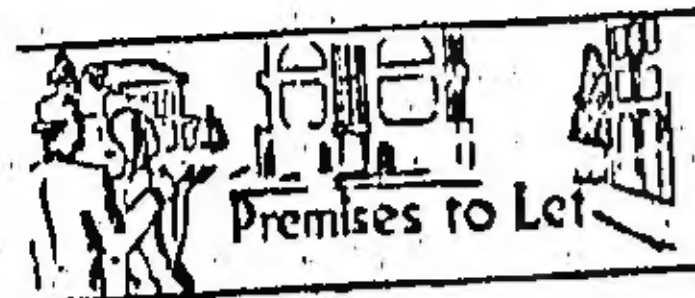
The love-life of a famous  
beauty, brought now to the  
Talking Screen in a perfect  
production!

A  
LADY'S  
MORALS

with  
GRACE MOORE  
REGINALD DENNY  
WALLACE BEERY  
JOBYNA HOWLAND



Prepaid 3 insertions  
25 words \$1



**PREMISES TO LET.**

**TO LET**—From JULY 1, 4-roomed  
FLATS, Modern Conveniences,  
TICIA MANSIONS, 16, MACDONELL  
Road. Phone: 22722 or 22210.

**TO LET**—For JULY, AUGUST,  
SEPTEMBER, FLAT in St. PAUL'S  
COLLEGE HOSTEL, containing Three  
Large Cool Airy Rooms, Modern San-  
itation, Kitchen and Bathroom.—Write  
Box No. 783, c/o Hong Kong Daily  
Press.

**TO LET**—PRINCE EDWARD  
ROAD, KOWLOON. Detached  
FLAT with all Modern Conveniences  
and Garage.—Apply to: CREDIT  
FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT,  
4th floor, PRINCE BANK BUILDING. [290]

**GDOWNS** To Let on MAIN ROAD  
PRINCE EDWARD, Solidly con-  
structed. Two Storey Building. Area:  
5,000 square feet. Reasonable Rent.—  
Apply to: Box No. 625, c/o Hong Kong  
Daily Press. [625]

**TO LET**—PRINCE EDWARD  
ROAD, KOWLOON. Detached  
EUROPEAN HOUSE with all Modern  
Conveniences and Garage.—Apply to:  
CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT,  
4th floor, PRINCE BANK BUILDING. [609]

**ATTRACTIVE** New 4 Roomed  
FLATS at 31, VILLAGE  
ROAD, HART VALLEY, Modern San-  
itation, Garage, Teakwood Floor, Gas  
Connection. Cool and Good Locality.—  
Apply Second Floor. [779]

**FURNISHED FLAT**, MAY ROAD  
To Let for Six Months from  
JUNE 1st or END of MAY.—Apply Box  
703, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [703]

**TO LET**—In Kowloon, immediate  
possession. Near Star Ferry in  
Cool and Quiet Locality, Furnished and  
Unfurnished EUROPEAN FLATS with  
all Modern Accommodation and Flush  
Toilets. Thoroughly renovated. Rent very  
Moderate. Also for immediate possession  
a Flat of Two Rooms, Furnished or  
Unfurnished, in Palace Hotel Building,  
with Two Bathrooms, Kitchen, etc.—  
Apply to: H. RUTONJEE, 29, HAI-  
PHONG ROAD, KOWLOON. Tel. 57230.

**TO LET**—3-Roomed FLATS, No. 23,  
GROUND FLOOR, 23 and 27,  
SECOND FLOOR, ASHLEY ROAD,  
KOWLOON, with Sanitary Fittings and  
Flush.—Apply BAKILLY Co., Phone  
22665.

**FLAT TO LET**—Central District.  
Modern Conveniences.—Apply  
HONG KONG LAND INVEST-  
MENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.,  
QUEEN'S BUILDING. [756]

**PRIVATE HOTELS.**

**CLAREMONT PRIVATE HOTEL**,  
107-115, AVON ROAD, KOWLOON.  
Overlooking Kowloon Cricket Club,  
Single, Double and Suites of Rooms,  
Modern Sanitation, Hot and Cold Water.  
Excellent Cuisine. Address Enquiries to  
Miss ELLIS.

**DERRINGTON PRIVATE**  
FAMILY RESIDENCE, 3, BOWEN  
ROAD, situated on Mid-levels in Large  
Garden, Next to Bowen Road Station,  
with Easy Access to Town. Cool Single  
and Double Rooms with Bathrooms  
Attached. Modern Sanitation. Phone:  
4237.

**CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.**



**"I've driven a car for  
twenty years"**

**"I've had all makes and driven over all kinds of roads. Sold my  
last car because I was transferred by my firm to another place.  
Came back last month and being car-hungry as usual, looked over  
the papers.**

**I picked up a nearly new car, it has run beautifully and cost me less  
than one half its original price. I have always been able to pick up  
a good car cheap through the want-ads."**

**Buy a car or sell a car. Find a job or give  
a job. Let a house or rent one...our  
want-ads do the work inexpensively,  
economically and efficiently.**

**POSITION VACANT.**

**FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE**  
Required by Largest Firm of Eng-  
lish Clock Manufacturers, who intend  
Competing in the World's Markets on  
Price, Quality and Service.—Write Full  
details to Box No. 782, c/o Hong Kong  
Daily Press. [782]

**FOR SALE.**

**FOR SALE**—Two Shade, Three  
Speed CEILING FAN, Perfect  
Condition.—Apply P. c/o Hong Kong  
Daily Press. [790]

**MATSHEDS.**

**WANTED**, By Three Bachelors,  
a Share in a MATSHED in  
REGULAR DAY or STANLEY.—Please  
write Box 782, c/o The Hong Kong  
Daily Press. [783]

**BUSINESS  
OPPORTUNITY.**

**A** well established Firm, good  
capital, first class references,  
over thirty years experience in  
commercial lines, looking for a joint  
relation in business with manu-  
facturers and merchants of different  
lines such as, Fuji and Crepe de  
China Silk Piece Goods, Complete  
Suits, Pyjamas, Gowns, Shawls,  
Enamel Ware, Boots and Shoes,  
Socks and Stockings, Cotton Piece  
Goods, suitable for the Native  
Trade. Please forward Samples,  
Price-list and Catalogue direct to—  
**ABDULRAHMAN BIN MIRAN,**  
P. O. Box No. 3, Irumu (Congo  
Belge), via MOMBASA, KENYA  
COLONY.

**BOOKS.**

**"MIND AND MEMORY TRAIN-  
ING COURSE"** 4 Shillings.  
"HYPNOTISM COURSE" 4 Shillings.  
Approval.—P.O. Box 43, DELHI,  
INDIA.

**Permanent  
Waving**

*Louis*

**FRENCH HAIR DRESSER  
FOR LADIES**  
King's Theatre Building, 4th Floor.  
PHONE 27411.

**Billiards**

**B**illiard Tables and Cushions  
re-covered and Cushton Rubbers  
replaced. Expert Work and Satisfaction  
guaranteed at Low Cost. **HONG KONG  
PUBLIC BILLIARD SALOON**, 193,  
DES VOUX ROAD CENTRAL (Near  
WORLD THEATRE), Phone 28065.

**PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.**

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below—  
**SITUATIONS VACANT. HOUSES AND APARTMENTS TO BE LET**  
**HOUSES AND APARTMENTS WANTED. MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.**

When so required replies to box numbers will be posted to advertisers daily. Extra stamps  
for postage should be remitted.  
All advertisements must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender

Announcements not exceeding 25 Words are inserted under this heading at a Pre-paid  
Rate of One Dollar for THREE INSERTIONS. If Charges collected, \$1.50.

THIS FORM MAY BE USED.


Please insert.....times. Enclosed.....in payment.

Signature.....Address.....

Address:—The ADVERTISEMENT MANAGER, "Hongkong Daily Press,"  
11, Ice House Street, or P.O. Box 1.

Charges collected  
25 words \$1.50

Tailors



**Tak Cheong**

Gentlemen's Tailors, Outfitters  
and Dealers in all kinds  
of Fancy Goods

50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL  
PHONE: 21317

**HAVE YOU ORDERED  
YOUR WHITES?**

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED,  
PRICES REASONABLE.

**WING HING CO.  
TAILORS.**

54, QUEEN'S ROAD. PHONE 21417.

Kodaks  
Materials &  
Finishing



**A. TACK & CO.**

The most up-to-date  
Photo Supply House  
in the Colony  
Developing, Printing  
and Enlarging  
Satisfactorily done.

20, DES VOUX ROAD CENT.  
TEL. 20945.

Cars



**HONGKONG HOTEL  
GARAGE**

**FOR CAR HIRE**

For HONG KONG: 24728  
For KOWLOON: 57374

**MOTOR CYCLES  
WANTED.**

**WANTED** an American make  
Motor-cycle, Harley-Davidson  
preferred. Must be in good Running  
Condition and Fully equipped for Road  
Work.—Write stating price, etc. to Box  
723, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [723]

PETS



**DO you want a DOG?** If so apply  
to the DOG'S HOME, KOWLOON,  
Any Day between 2.30 and 4.30 or by  
Special Appointment. (TELEPHONE:  
56152 Home, 56803 Inspector). There  
are at present a Couple of Nice Brown  
Chows (Male and Female) who are  
in need of Good Homes.

Printing



**PRINTING**—Menu Cards, Dance  
Programmes, Invitation Cards,  
Bridge Scores.—Write Box 667, c/o  
Hong Kong Daily Press. [667]

**SOCIAL AFTERMATH  
OF WAR.**

EFFECT ON MODERN  
YOUTH.

**A BISHOP'S PLEA.**

"Never, I believe, has the rising  
generation had a greater claim  
upon the older folk for a more  
sympathetic understanding of their  
special difficulties than the boys and  
girls of to-day."

Thus the Bishop of St. Albans  
writes in his quarterly notes to the  
diocese. The difficulties of youth  
seem to the bishop to be much great-  
er than they were in his own youth,  
and he attributes them directly to  
the four years of world upheaval  
in the war.

"The boys and girls I am think-  
ing of," he continues, "seem to me  
much kinder to older folk than I  
or my contemporaries were. They  
are frank, open-hearted, and de-  
lightful companions, but I think  
they are more puzzled and bewilder-  
ed by life than we were, and I am  
not surprised.

"They find themselves in the  
aftermath of a world upheaval—  
earthquakes are terribly upsetting  
—a world upheaval, intellectual,  
artistic, moral, social, and re-  
ligious, with precious little to hold  
on to. War means death—as a  
daily incident on a huge scale; in  
the face of death things become  
real, or anyway the things which  
are not real fall away.

"There is a good side to this;  
there is also, quite obviously,  
a bad one. Reality is one thing;  
stark-nakedness is another. The  
reality engendered by the everyday  
incidents of war tends to degenerate  
into the latter, and there is still  
virtue in reserve and modesty.  
But the 'stark-nakedness' is re-  
flected in both speech and action  
and all conventions (and there are  
some which are good and necessary)  
are swept away in the flood-tide.

"And when war ceases—as we  
have seen—the least desirable of its  
reactions continue. This sheer  
stark-nakedness, whether in word or  
deed, is reflected in post-war novel  
as in war books, in the Press, as  
in the picture palace.

"Or again, the war led to many  
hasty marriages; the result? In-  
creasing disregard for the mar-  
riage-tie, and with it a spate of  
divorces—and who to-day is shock-  
ed? Are we not indeed being told  
that a twentieth-century form of  
'chivalry' is for a husband to give  
faked evidence of his having com-  
mitted adultery, or in other words,  
practically to commit perjury, in  
order that his wife may divorce  
him?"

**Temptations of To-day.**

The Bishop believes that youth of  
to-day has more temptations to  
fritter away its time and energies  
than his generation had.

"I don't say they necessarily do  
so," he adds, "but it is, I believe,  
so much harder for them not to do so  
than it was for us. Forty or fifty  
years ago I don't remember that I  
was inclined to take everything  
which people of twenty to forty  
years older than myself told me as  
necessarily the last word! But,  
take it as a whole, we had not so  
much reason for thinking our  
elders had made such a mess of  
things as the boys and girls of to-  
day have. To them, at all events,  
the mess is more obvious.

"The consequence is, that I  
think it is more difficult for them  
than it was for us to accept any  
kind of authority on any subject.  
In some ways that may be, and  
possibly is, a good thing, but it  
also has its disadvantages. It de-  
prives the youth of to-day of some  
of the anchorages which were ours;  
they certainly had a steadying  
effect upon us before we launched  
out into the deep.

A further difficulty is that pa-  
rents seem afraid of discussing  
things freely with their children,  
while, in the Bishop's opinion, the  
children "are more anxious to dis-  
cuss both moral and religious ques-  
tions than we were at their age so  
long as they can do so with some  
convicted believer possessed of ad-  
equate knowledge, who neither  
waters down the Christian faith  
and Christian morals, nor attempts  
to coerce them into believing what  
he says is true or doing what he  
says is right, and does not try to  
cajole; in other words, with some-  
body who is prepared not to de-  
prive their youth or to laugh at their  
opinions, or make light of them as  
serious-minded people with whom  
he can discuss these things as man  
to man."

**LAMBERTS AUCTIONS**

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**

THE Undersigned have received  
Instructions

To Sell by

**PUBLIC AUCTION**

ON

**MONDAY, JUNE 1, 1931.**

COMMENCING AT 11 A.M.

At Their SALES ROOM,  
4, DUDDELL STREET.

**6 CASES BEER  
259 CASES BEER**

(Stored at Godown No. 51 Upper  
of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf  
& Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon).

TERMS:—CASH OR DELIVERY.

**LAMBERT BROS.,  
AUCTIONEERS.**

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**

THE Undersigned have received  
Instructions

To Sell by

**PUBLIC AUCTION**

ON

**TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1931,**

COMMENCING AT 11 A.M.

At Their SALES ROOM,  
4, DUDDELL STREET.

**A FRESH CONSIGNMENT OF:  
BONELESS COOKED HAM.**

IN TINS

and

**SMOKED BACON.**  
IN TINS.

From the Well-known Packers:

**"KOLER & ANKEXSMIT",**  
Holland. To be sold in One Tin Lots  
to suit Purchasers.

TERMS:—CASH OR DELIVERY.

**LAMBERT BROS.,  
AUCTIONEERS.**



**What do  
you want?**

If there is anything  
you want to buy or  
sell, try a small  
classified advertisement.

**25 words \$1.00 prepaid  
for 3 insertions.**



NOW ON SALE

## The CHINA YEAR BOOK 1931

EDITED BY  
H. G. W. WOODHEAD, C.B.E.

"A Mentor Superb. . . . It is not an exaggeration to say that the 'China Year Book' is one of the most remarkable productions of its kind in the world. . . . No one who pretends to desire to discuss or study affairs in China can afford to do without this book."—North-China Daily News.

The "China Year Book" as it is presented to-day, is a volume that no newspaper, commercial, government, in fact any office can do without."—China Press.

"There is no single work containing such a mass of varied and most useful information on things Chinese as the 'China Year Book.' Similar publications exist in many other countries, but few can compare with, and none excel, the latest issue of this work."—Finance & Commerce.

ON SALE AT  
MESSRS. KELLY & WALSH, LTD.,  
CHATER ROAD, HONG KONG.  
AND  
COMMERCIAL PRESS, LTD., CANTON.  
PRICE: \$20.00 Net.

### DAIRY FARM DAINTIES

Summer Heat Has  
Its Own Reward  
ICE CREAM

6 Tempting  
Flavours

VANILLA  
CHOCOLATE  
STRAWBERRY  
ORANGE  
COFFEE  
LEMON

MADE with the purest  
of cream and sugar  
flavoured with fresh  
fruits. . . . Cool as a breeze,  
satisfying as a meal, nutri-  
tious but not too rich.  
That's our ice cream, and  
there's none better.

Take home a brick or  
measure as a surprise for  
to-night's dinner.

The Dairy Farm, Ice & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.



PHOSFERINE exercises real  
and lasting benefit upon every-  
body's system; it invigorates brain  
and body naturally, and is given  
with equally good results to the  
children as to adults. The  
advantage of taking Phosferine is  
immediate—it makes you well  
and keeps you well.

## PHOSFERINE

The Greatest of all Tonics for

Influenza Debility Neuritis Fatness Malaria  
Indigestion Mental Exhaustion Loss of Appetite Headache  
Sleeplessness Maternity Weakness Lassitude Nerve Shock Anaemia  
Exhaustion Weak Digestion Neuritis Rheumatism Sciatica

Made in Liquid and Tablets, each sold in three sizes, the larger size are the more economical.  
PREPARED BY: PHOSFERINE (AMSTERDAM) & PHOSFERINE (LONDON) LIMITED, LONDON (ENGLAND), ENGLAND.  
AGENTS: W. R. LORLEY & CO., HONG KONG. Tel: 2222.

### "I HOAXED LADY DOYLE."

MEDIUM CONFESSES SEANCE  
WAS A FAKE.

How Lady Doyle (wife of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle) was made the victim of a hoax at a seance in New York a year ago, during which the spirit of her soldier son was evoked, was revealed at a meeting in New York under the auspices of the "Magazine of Science and Invention" by the supposed medium, Nino Pecararo.

Pecararo said that the whole thing was a fake. He himself had never seen a ghost, and he did not believe anyone else ever had. He added:

"The spirit figure Lady Doyle saw here, and was convinced was her own son, was Nino Pecararo in the flesh."

"I am sick and tired of doing the work and seeing spiritualism get the credit."

Lady Doyle was present at the seance at which the supposedly spiritualistic figure was evoked, says Mr. Joseph Dunninger, chairman of the committee appointed by the magazine in connection with a \$4,000 prize offered for genuine spirit phenomena.

Pecararo attracted wide attention in 1923 when he appeared as a claimant for a prize of \$500 which was then being offered by the magazine to any medium who could produce authentic phenomena. For a time the committee of distinguished scientists who had been appointed by the magazine appeared to be impressed by his demonstrations.

Recently, however, Pecararo was less successful. Three years ago his attempt to materialise the spirit of Houdini, the American entertainer who was hailed by spiritualists as a remarkable medium endowed with powers of dematerialising and rematerialising at will, failed so signally that Pecararo's own manager pronounced the seance a "terrible frost."

Later he said he had achieved contact with the spirit of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.

Newspapermen who called on Pecararo at his apartment were permitted to bind him securely, and Pecararo afterwards freed himself. He then wrote two messages, one of which was supposed to come from Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, and the other from Houdini.

The supposed message from Houdini bore a creditable resemblance to Houdini's writing, but the signature of the famous English author was written "Sir Conon Doyle."

#### Lady Doyle's Comment.

Lady Doyle, interviewed, said: "There is no truth in this fantastic story. I have not been in America for several years, and I have never seen my stepson materialised there. Neither have I ever heard of the supposed medium mentioned. Let Mr. Pecararo find some other means of seeking notoriety."

### THE OLDEST DOCTOR.

WOMAN DIES IN LONDON  
AGED 100.

The death was announced last month of Dr. Harriet Clisby, the oldest doctor in the world. She celebrated her 100th birthday last August at her home in West Kensington.

Dr. Clisby studied medicine in Australia, and took her diploma in New York in 1865.

When she was seven years of age she went with her parents to Australia. The trip, which was made in a sailing ship, took five months. The child lived on salted meat and tinned tomatoes.

#### The Community Cow.

From then on her life was a long adventure. Her family lived in the bush—where Adelaide's main street now runs. Harriet and her parents slept in hammocks slung between trees.

She was awakened in the mornings by the screechings of cockatoos, and an especial treat at that time was to begin the day with a drink of milk from the only cow in the community. The cow was owned by the Governor.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

### ITALIAN "RED'S" APPEAL.

DEPORTATION TO ITALY  
OPPOSED.

New York, April 30.—An extended legal fight to forestall deportation of an Italian labourer to his native country, on the grounds that he would be put to death immediately upon reaching Italy because of his activities against the government, has taken on added colour in the New York Circuit Court of Appeals by the entrance of Col. William J. Donovan, former Assistant U.S. Attorney-General.

Colonel Donovan, at the behest of the American Civil Liberties Union, will represent Guido Serio, 35, a slim, blond Italian, in the fight to over-rule the immigration decision that Serio must be sent to Italy.

Serio, who is a member of the Communist Party, is not fighting deportation, but asks that he be sent to Soviet Russia instead of to Italy. He has received a cable from an officer of the Soviet Government, assuring him that he is welcome in Russia, along with a certified cheque for expenses of the trip.

He came to this country in 1924, having left Italy because of difficulties with the government over anti-Fascist agitation. He went to work as a labourer at Erie, Pa., and became active as a communist agitator.

Last May he was arrested at Erie after he had addressed a meeting, the charge against him being that of "advocating doctrines of force and violence." He was held in jail and bail was set at \$25,000. Later he was taken to Ellis Island where he was held for three months.

#### Still Delivering Speeches.

When immigration officials decided to send Serio to Italy, in spite of the death sentence against him in that country, the Italian's attorney appealed to U.S. District Judge Bondy here, offering the cable and check from the Soviet Government as evidence of Serio's willingness to go to Russia.

Judge Bondy recommended to Secretary Doss of the Labour Department that the man be sent to Russia, but Secretary Doss refused to adopt the recommendation. Judge Bondy then ruled against Serio, and it is this ruling on which Colonel Donovan has taken an appeal.

Colonel Donovan said that it will probably be a month or two before the case comes up in the Court of Appeals, and in the meantime Serio, is at liberty under \$1,000 bail. He is spending most of his time; it is understood, delivering speeches in New York and other Eastern cities.

"It is not a question," Colonel Donovan said, "of the man's political beliefs, his activities, or his personality. It is a matter of saving his life, of not deporting him to a country where he would be killed. It seems reasonable to me that if he wants to go to Russia, he should be permitted to go."

#### "ON THE SPOT" FILM.

ANGLO-S. WORKING  
DEVELOPMENT.

Mr. Edgar Wallace states that negotiations have been almost completed for his famous gangster play, "On the Spot," to be filmed in Hollywood under the direction of Mr. D. W. Griffith, whose "Birth of a Nation" made film history.

Mr. Griffith is a member of United Artists, but the present enterprise is promoted by a combination of British companies, Gainsborough and the British Lion. Mr. Wallace himself is a director of the latter company.

United Artists, it is understood, will distribute the film in the United States.

The whole arrangement indicates an unusually interesting development in the working association of British and American organisations.

The Governor lived in a mud hut.

Later Miss Clisby learned shorthand and became editor of the first shorthand magazine in Australia. Then she took her degree in medicine. She had hoped to do this in England, but she found no opportunities in this country so she went to America.

Dr. Clisby had retired from actual practice when she came to London in 1911, but delivered lectures on medical, hygienic and psychological subjects.

Despite her great age, Dr. Clisby was alert and active. She attributed her long life to regular habits and gymnastic exercises.

After she was 100 she tried to continue her daily exercises.

### NO BILLIARDS FOR TWO YEARS.

BAN ON TWO MEN.

Two men were placed on probation for two years at Wimbledon, S.W., Police Court with a condition that they should not enter billiards halls during that time.

The men, Albert Arthur Hawtry, a 25-year-old motor-driver, of Dant-shill Road, Earlsfield, and Thomas Reuben Pusey, a 20-year-old salesman, of Aldis Street, Tooting, had been charged with being concerned in stealing a bicycle from outside a Wimbledon house. It was stated that one man tried to sell the machine at a Tooting billiards hall.

Mrs. Hawtry said that she and her husband were "on the dole." They had one child, and lived in one room.

#### SERVICE TO READERS.

THE HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, LTD., and the HONG KONG WEEKLY PRESS, through their London Office, at 85, Fleet Street, E.C. 4, Tel: 3137, are prepared to give Subscribers and Visitors advice regarding accommodation available, motoring facilities, suitable shopping centres, etc.

If, when at home, they will call or telephone to the above address, they will receive the utmost assistance and the latest available information on all subjects of enquiry will be placed at their disposal.

## THE WORLD'S GAZE JAPAN

Where Oriental charms are jealously preserved intact amidst the most advanced Oriental Civilization.

### THE JAPAN HOTEL ASSOCIATION

(Affiliated with the D. M. LINDARD HOTELS Co. of the Pacific Coast and the UNITED HOTELS COMPANY of America.)

#### MEMBER HOTELS

Hotel rates for single rooms (without bath), including meals.  
¥12.00 up in cities and some popular resorts.  
¥10.00 up in country districts.

IN JAPAN			
ATAMI:— ATAMI HOTEL MAMPEI HOTEL	KOBE:— ORIENTAL HOTEL TORI HOTEL KYOTO:— KYOTO HOTEL MITSUKI HOTEL KYOTO STATION HOTEL	NAGASAKI:— JAPAN HOTEL NAGOYA:— NAGOYA HOTEL NARA:— NARA HOTEL NIKKO:— KARAIYA HOTEL OSAKA:— OSAKA HOTEL OSAKA HOTEL TAKARAZUKA HOTEL SHIMONOSEKI:— SANTO HOTEL	TOKYO:— INTERNATIONAL HOTEL MARUNOUCHI HOTEL OMORI HOTEL TOKYO STATION HOTEL UNZEN:— KINSHU HOTEL YUMI HOTEL YOKOHAMA:— HOTEL NEW GRAND
IN TAIWAN (FORMOSA)			
TAIPEI:— TAIPEI HOTEL TAIPEI HOTEL	IN CHINA	IN MANCHURIA	IN HOKKAI
BEIJING:— BEIJING HOTEL BEIJING HOTEL	FUSAN:— FUSAN STATION HOTEL YAMATO HOTEL DAIREN:— DAIREN STATION HOTEL HOSHIGATAURA:— YAMATO HOTEL	CHANGCHUN:— YAMATO HOTEL YAMATO HOTEL BYOJUN (Port Arthur):— YAMATO HOTEL	YAMATO HOTEL

\* Open from April 1st until October 31st.

THE JAPAN HOTEL ASSOCIATION  
Care of Traffic Bureau, DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS, TOKYO

# JOHNNIE WALKER

BORN 1820—  
STILL GOING STRONG

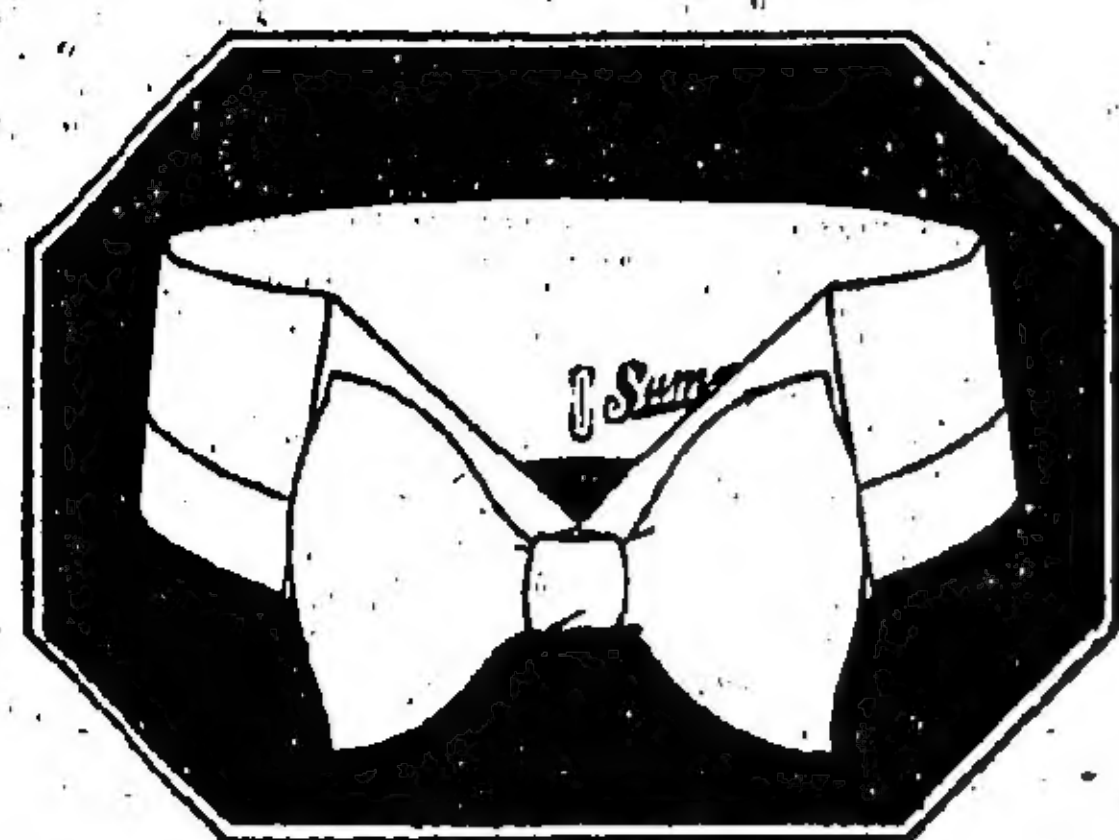
Johnnie Walker holds a reputation for distilling perfect whisky over four generations and five continents — that is why his sales are the largest in the world.

SOLE AGENTS:  
Caldbeck, Macgregor  
and Co., Ltd., . . .  
Shanghai Hong Kong  
Tientsin . . .

JOHN WALKER & SONS, LTD.,  
SCOTCH WHISKY DISTILLERS,  
KILMARNOCK, SCOTLAND.



## Summit DRESS COLLARS



To-day's approved dress collar style—a collar with broad square-cut wings set well apart—is interpreted in a most distinguished manner by "Summit" shapes 23 and 24. Each has subtle differences in the angle of the wings, the width of the opening and depth, each correct.

Stocked in quarter sizes—4 to the inch—from 14½ to 17½ also 14, 18, 18½ and 19.

# Mackintosh's

## DON'T TAKE RISKS



Dry cleaning is an important part of any family's programme of thrift BUT

### "BEWARE"

of cheap DRY CLEANING. So called CHEMICAL CLEANING is soap and water with a little spirit spotting. Such methods do not preserve cloth from moth and other insects.

"What is GENUINE DRY CLEANING?" Removal of all dust, spots, and soiling of a greasy matter by special spirit soaps and pure PETROLEUM BENZINE which can only be used in special machines installed in a fully licensed building approved by the GOVERNMENT. There is only one large installation in the COLONY.

## THE STEAM LAUNDRY WORKS, MONGKOK.

After cleaning the cloth is sterilized and pressed with the latest steam presses. All SUITS, OVERCOATS, and orders to the value of \$3.25 sent during May 1931, will receive ONE IMPROVED SANITEX MOTH PROOF BAG. After June, 10th. (date of arrival).

There is no surer method to preserve your clothes during the SUMMER than GENUINE DRY CLEANING and SEALING in a MOTH PROOF BAG.

## THE STEAM LAUNDRY

Head Office—Mongkok. Kowloon Hotel Depot, Hankow Road. Hong Kong Depot:—16, Stanley St., Kowloon Dept., 19, Canton Road. Tel. 21279. Peak Hotel Depot. Hong Kong Hotel (Visitors only). Valerita Service:—364, Nathan Road, (next door MAJESTIC THEATRE) — 2, Peninsula Hotel Arcade.

## WHITEAWAYS

### SPECIAL JUNE SALE

STARTS TO-DAY.

### 2 SPECIAL BARGAINS

#### 40 PAIRS

Men's Patent Pump and Oxford Shoes. Slightly damaged. Useful for Slippers.

SPECIAL SALE PRICE:

\$1.90 Pair.

#### 50 PAIRS

#### MEN'S BOOTS and SHOES

Saxone and Solasy Brands. Odd Numbers in Black and Brown. Mostly large sizes.

SPECIAL SALE PRICE:

\$10.00 Pair.

CALL EARLY FOR THESE.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

## THREE YEARS FOR TAX FRAUDS.

A SUM OF £13,000 INVOLVED.

### DAIRYMAN'S DECEIT.

Sentence of three years' penal servitude was passed by Mr. Justice Swift at the Old Bailey, on Charles Stephen Dilley, a West-minster dairyman, who pleaded guilty to frauds on the Inland Revenue, involving a sum of over £13,000.

The indictment contained 31 counts and included charges of forgery.

Mr. Neville J. Laski, K.C., who, with Sir Percival Clarke, prosecuted, said that Dilley had carried on business as a dairyman in Queen-street, Westminster, in the name of William Dilley. The business was founded by his father. The father, at his death, left a life interest to his widow, the business at her death to be divided equally among his four children. In 1916 Mrs. Dilley died, and defendant was appointed a trustee in her place.

Notwithstanding her death, income-tax and excess profits duty returns continued to be made out in her name, under the pretence that she was still living. The pretence was maintained until Dilley was challenged in 1927, when he admitted that the widow had died at Broadstairs. He said that he had concealed the fact of her death because he feared the position regarding the death duties.

As a matter of fact, said Mr. Laski, the death duties amounted ultimately to less than £100, and that was clearly only one element in the fraud.

### £95 Repaid to Dead Woman.

In one case £95 was repaid to the mother, who had died seven years before. Dilley signed her name as an endorsement, and passed the amount into the bank.

A second fraud was that he told the Revenue authorities that no proper accounts of the business had been prepared, whereas every half-year from 1906 a firm of accountants had made out accounts. He had also omitted to show income from his own investments, these investments for the period under review amounting to £5,000.

In all he had underpaid income-tax to the extent of £4,822, spread over fifteen years from 1912-13, and excess profits duty to the extent of £28,273, spread over five years from 1916, making a total of £33,105.

Mr. Laski added that in August, 1929, Dilley paid £10,000 as restitution, and this sum had been placed on deposit for the Government pending a settlement of the figures.

Sir Henry Curtis-Bennett, K.C. (defending, with Mr. G. D. Roberts), said that the returns were not actually made by Dilley. In 1924 Dilley realised that he must make true returns, and he gradually began to make proper returns. In 1928 he consulted his solicitors, and was advised that he must make a complete statement of the facts. From that time true accounts were given to the authorities.

In August, 1929, £10,000 was paid by him on account of any amount which might be shown to be due. Had he made full confession earlier he would probably not have been prosecuted.

### Confession and Prosecution.

Mr. Justice Swift: Can a man say, "I have got £95 by forgery, and you cannot prosecute me?"

Sir Henry replied that he understood Viscount Brentford stated the law in the House of Commons in July, 1923, as follows:

"The question of fraud evasion in connection with direct taxation is of great importance. There is no desire that fraudulent taxpayers should be deterred by fear of criminal proceedings from making spontaneous disclosure of their misdeeds and appropriate pecuniary restitution."

(Continued at foot of next column.)

## GUERIN ON TRIAL AT OLD BAILEY.

QUESTIONS ABOUT CHICAGO MAY AND DEVIL'S ISLAND.

Edward Guerin, aged 71, appeared before the Common Serjeant (Sir Henry Dickens, K.C.) at the Old Bailey charged on an indictment containing five counts with receiving a book of travellers' cheques, and uttering two of the cheques.

He was defended by Mr. Frederick Levy.

Sir Percival Clarke, who prosecuted, said that the book of cheques which Guerin was charged with receiving had been issued in Ireland to Mrs. Margaret White. She was at a London hotel on March 12, having come from Ireland to go abroad, and was sitting in the lounge when she found that her bag containing the cheque-book had gone.

Detective-Sergeant Wheeler said that when Guerin was arrested he said:

"My conscience is clear. I know nothing about it. I am innocent. You know I do not mix with the gangs."

### Devil's Island.

Mr. Levy: Did he figure in an incident in which a woman called Chicago May was concerned when someone attempted to shoot him? Chicago May was present when he was shot at.

A person so well known to the public would not be about the West End a great deal if he had committed a crime?—I do not know.

He has recently written his autobiography?—Yes.

The Common Serjeant: What is the materiality of this?

Mr. Levy: He says "I am not the person who committed this offence. I am the last person who would commit a crime of this nature by reason of the fact that my name is a household word."

Guerin from the dock interposed: "And that officer knows it, too."

Detective-Sergeant Wheeler, replying to Mr. Levy, said that in 1904 or 1905 Guerin escaped from Devil's Island to South America, and thence to Chicago. Since then he had been living for most of the time in England.

### Missing Fingers.

Guerin, in the witness-box, emphatically declared that he knew nothing about the charges.

Guerin was asked by his counsel to display his left hand to the jury, and it was then noticed that the first and second fingers were missing.

Sir Henry said that, as he understood that statement, if a fraudulent taxpayer by his own volition made full and frank confession before inquiries were made, criminal proceedings would not be taken by the authorities, but the matter would be dealt with by way of penalty and fine.

Counsel added that defendant in January, 1930, had offered to pay another £8,000 in addition to the £10,000 he had already paid as restitution.

Mr. Justice Swift, passing sentence, said that Dilley had pleaded guilty to a series of frauds of the gravest possible character.

"For a period of fifteen years you have been robbing your fellow-citizens by making false income-tax returns, and in order to cover up what you were doing, committing forgery and telling lies of the most serious character about the continued existence of your dead mother."

"It was the duty of those responsible for advising the Government in this matter to see that you were brought to trial for your delinquencies. It would have been wrong if the Board of Inland Revenue had failed to prosecute you."

## ADMIRAL BYRD'S FOX TERRIER.

IGLOO IS DEAD.

SHARED HIS MASTER'S HARDSHIPS.

Boston.—Igloo, Admiral Byrd's faithful friend, is dead.

He was a little white fox terrier, with a brown right ear and a quizzical face. His passing called the great explorer home to Boston from a lecture tour in the Middle West and South.

Civilisation did not agree with Igloo. He had lived so much of his six years of life in cold and hardship and danger, the inseparable companion of his master.

He was a puppy in those perilous days at Spitzbergen when Byrd flew over the North Pole. He was a fully grown dog during the long, bitter struggle in the Antarctic.

Igloo was presented to Byrd six years ago by an admirer in Washington. He grew up in the wastes of Spitzbergen, while his master was making history in his aerial conquest of the North Pole.

### Petted by a President.

He shared with his master the adulation of civilised crowds. He was petted by President Coolidge and a host of other famous men and women.

When Byrd went to the South Pole, Igloo went too. There he grew a coat which observers said was the thickest and warmest ever worn by a fox terrier.

Igloo lived dangerously among the powerful sled dogs. His body bore the scars of frequent clashes with the big "huskies."

Igloo was left at home in Boston when Byrd went on a lecture tour. Illness came, and three doctors worked to save him. His master, nearly 1,000 miles away, heard of his desperate plight and cancelled contracts and engagements.

But Byrd was too late. While he rushed to Chicago to charter an airplane Igloo died.

## WHAT THE GENERAL SAID.

### WIRELESS BAN ON A FAMOUS VICTORY.

Philadelphia.—What the Sergeant told the General should not be told in turn to civilian ears, according to wireless censors who abruptly cut off a speech by General Smedley Butler at an artillery officers' dinner in Philadelphia.

General Butler, who is America's fiercest soldier, was recounting with vivid eloquence how he captured Fort Mifflin, in Hayti, and he described how, while he was summoning his courage for the attack, a sergeant said, "Hell! I'll go first."

The manager of the radio station heard the General's quotation of this explosive, nearly fainted, immediately stopped the broadcast and announced to listeners that he had cut General Butler off for using profane and indecent language.

### A Storm.

Finding he was orating into a dead microphone, General Butler and a number of friends, including several judges, left the banquet and stormed into the wireless station, demanding an apology. It is said there was a scene of great indignation, but the General was persuaded to return to the banquet.

The wireless station announced that he would never be allowed on the air again if he did not mend his language. The comedy has been heightened by General Butler demanding an apology from the Haitian Government because its Minister at Washington was reported as saying "that no such place as Fort Mifflin ever existed and that the General's heroism was therefore imaginary." The Minister to-day denied this imputation, but insisted that General Butler's victory was gained over men without adequate arms. The diplomatic tension is still acute.

Washington recently apologised to Signor Mussolini for an attack made upon him by General Butler.

### THE SATRAP'S HOARD.

HUNT FOR TREASURE BURIED BY ALL THE LION 100 YEARS AGO.

Athens.—Following the discovery of old documents containing clues to the existence of treasure said to have belonged to the famous Ali the Lion, Satrap of Janina, just over 100 years ago, attempts are being made to locate the hoard which up till now has been regarded as legendary.

Preliminary doggings have revealed a tunnel constructed to store the treasure. The skeleton of nine workmen, engaged by Ali Pasha to build it, and whom he killed so that he might keep the secret for himself, have also been found.

## KAIPING COAL FOR ALL PURPOSES



HOME, FACTORY AND BUNKERS

POWER HOUSE, TUGS & LOGS

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION, Head Office—TIENSIN.

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Hong Kong.

## THE SWATOW SHOP

Chinese Art Works

27, Queen's Road Central

(HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING)

Tel. C. 26796

## REMOVAL SALE

From JUNE 1st to 30th.



## A touch of luxury

The difference between merely eating a meal and thoroughly enjoying it is Mason's "O.K." Sauce. And it doesn't matter the nature of the dish, this delicious fruity condiment lends the supreme touch of luxury. It helps digestion too.

Mason's **O.K.** Sauce

AGENTS:—W. R. LOXLEY & CO., HONG KONG.



Parfumerie Poigaud PARIS.

## "MARY GARDEN" Perfumes that sell themselves

because the packing is attractive, the contents fascinating and the price amazing. Careful selection with or without alcohol from stock goods to scents for the Smart Set.

AGENTS:

VICENTE ATIENZA & CO. No. 54, NATHAN ROAD, KOWLOON. TEL. 5755.

### LECTURER'S LION.

GIRL MAULED IN SCHOOL CLASSROOM.

A young lion brought into a school classroom at Cincinnati by a lecturer on natural history sprang at a seven-year-old girl, Vivian Lechner, and mauled her so badly that she is in hospital in a critical state.

The girl went into the room from another class, and, seeing the lion and other animals became frightened. A woman trainer assured her that they were harmless, but when she drew nearer the lion leapt on her and tore her with its claws. The whole class became panic-stricken, and while the trainer and lecturer tried to drag the lion from its victim, other pupils fled screaming.

A policeman eventually snatched the child from the lion's grasp, and rescued the animal.

### SHIP OF TRAGEDY.

SEVEN DEATHS IN TEN YEARS.

A remarkable toll of death was revealed in an appeal to the House of Lords arising out of a dispute concerning a cargo of flax and tow which, in 1916, was consigned to England from Russia and requisitioned by the War Office.

The head of the firm of Scottish shipbrokers' agents for the ship in which the cargo was consigned is dead.

Another member of the firm, the chief clerk, and the principal typist have also died, and no one who had direct contact with the negotiations survives.

A War Office official who had charge of requisitioning the cargo is dead, the Russian who attended to the matter in Russia is dead, and the Russian firm's agent in Scotland is also dead.

The action was not begun until the end of 1927, practically ten years after the transaction out of which the dispute arose.



## PIERCE FIGHTING IN HAINAN.

### RETREATING TROOPS DAMAGE HOIHOW HOSPITAL.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

Hoihow, May 27.  
The attack on Kiangchow City which began at daylight on the 20th inst. by the Peace Maintenance Forces continued until Friday evening, the 22nd, after which the latter began to retreat in the direction of Hoihow and Shin Ying Fort. It was thought that a final stand would be made at Tai Ying Shan but owing to the speedy pursuit of the Marines there was not sufficient time to make the proper preparations. It is estimated that one hundred and fifty were killed and over four hundred wounded. A considerable number of these were civilians. Most of the wounded were brought to the Hoihow hospitals by the Red Cross units organized by the Hospitals.

The retreat of the Peace Maintenance Forces was closely followed by the Marines who entered Hoihow at eight p.m. A great many of the retreating soldiers entered Hoihow and turned their arms at the French Hospital. It is reported that some looting took place at the French Hospital while the arms were being gathered together. Shortly before the entrance of the Marines the retreating soldiers burned several shops and all sorts of rumours began to spread. It was feared that general looting would take place. Immediately after the entrance of the Marines Mr. Ho Hui Soang was caught and shot. Mr. Ho has been one of Hoihow's prominent business men also having a major interest in one of the large Hotels. Rumours that others were being sought caused many to seek safer places.

There was considerable damage to property at Kiangchow, particularly in the region near the yamen where most of the severe fighting took place.

### "Reds" Attack Leng-Shan.

The market of Leng-Shan, ten miles south of Hoihow, was attacked by over a hundred Communists this morning. After some speech making in the street they began an attack which resulted in the death of four and several others being severely wounded, one of whom died at the hospital entrance.

## GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

### LAST WEEK'S ACTIVITIES.

SUNDAY, May 24.

On behalf of His Excellency the Governor, Captain T. A. H. Colman, A.D.C., laid wreaths at the Cenotaph and at the Cathedral War Memorial in commemoration of Empire Day.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Clegg, lunched at Government House.

THURSDAY, May 25.

His Excellency the Governor presided at the meeting of the Executive Council.

The bi-annual general meeting of the Ministering Children's League was held at Government House.

FRIDAY, May 26.

The following members of the United States Congressional Party lunched at Government House: Senator and Mrs. Oldie, Senator and Mrs. Robinson, Representative and Mrs. Dowell, Representative and Mrs. Gibson.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Jenkins, Commodore Walker, the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Southern, and Pay. Comdr. Grace were also present at luncheon.

SATURDAY, May 30.

His Excellency the Governor as Chief Scout carried out the annual inspection of the Hong Kong Boy Scouts at Government House.

His Excellency the Governor and Lady Peel, attended by Captain T. A. H. Colman, A.D.C., dined with the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Southern.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

[All letters intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not for publication, unless so desired, but as evidence of good faith.—Ed.]

### THE BAD TIMES.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

Sir,—The following is cut out from the Report in your paper on Saturday of the general meeting of one of our local companies.

Addressing the gathering the Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Skenton said:—

I rise to propose an alteration in the remuneration paid to the Society's Directors. Under Section 95 of the Articles of Association the Directors shall be paid out of the funds of the Society remuneration for their services at the rate of \$2,000 each per annum or such other sums (if any) as the Society in General Meeting may from time to time determine.

I think you will all agree with me, Gentlemen, that a sum which works out in Sterling at the current rate of exchange at rather less than £100 per annum is not a sufficient fee for the responsibilities which our Directors are called upon to carry. I therefore have much pleasure in proposing that the fee be raised to £200 per annum. I feel confident, Gentlemen, that this proposal will meet with your approval.

This was carried unanimously.

Among those present were:—The Hon. Mr. C. G. S. Mackie (Chairman), Mr. Paul Lauder (General Manager).

How do these people reconcile Saturday's actions with their words and votes in the Legislative Council?—Yours, etc.

No LOUSY AUNT TO CALL A SPADE A SPADE.

Hong Kong, May 30.

## CHINESE CRACKER EXPLOSIVE.

### AN OXFORD DISCOVERY.

### STRANGE BEHAVIOUR OF GAS MIXTURE.

A chemical discovery of great interest has been made by Dr. H. W. Thompson, of Oxford. When oxygen and that notorious gas called hydrogen sulphide, and known popularly as "rotten eggs," are mixed in certain proportions and under certain conditions, they explode. Dr. Thompson finds that they explode not once only but continue to explode at intervals of a minute or so, like a Chinese cracker.

One can see immediately that something very strange must be occurring, because one would naturally expect the gases to be entirely combined with each other after the first explosion. How the two gases succeed in continuing to explode is not yet understood.

The phenomenon seems to be of a most original type and may contain the germs of extraordinary practical applications. One can imagine an entirely new type of internal combustion or motor-engine which is driven by "Chinese-cracker" explosions and in which all valve-gears and cycles used to space out the time between the explosions in the engine cylinders could be abolished. The speed of the engine would be regulated entirely by varying the mixture.

Secondly, the continuously exploding mixture may solve the problem of the gas-turbine. At present the temperatures and pressures produced by the burning of gases are too great to be handled practically in a turbine. If the complete combustion of the gases used to drive such a turbine could be replaced by a series of partial combustions or a succession of small explosions, blowing a series of small puffs through the turbine nozzle, the realization of the gas-turbine might be in sight. Then the petrol or oil-driven motor-car could have a smooth turbine to drive it, instead of a whirling and vibrating engine's discovery raises all kinds of surmise, and one hopes that the effect may be obtained from all explosive mixtures of gases when the correct conditions are provided.

## MARY PICKFORD IN ENGLAND.

### MEETS "DOUG" AT WESTWARD HO.

Southampton, May 18.—While her popular husband, Mr. Douglas Fairbanks, was busy playing at Westward Ho in the first round of the British Amateur Golf Championship, Miss Mary Pickford, arrived here to-day from the United States aboard the steamship Bremen.

It was one o'clock in the afternoon when Miss Pickford came ashore. Immediately after landing she attempted to telephone to Mr. Fairbanks at Westward Ho but she was unable to reach him because he was in the middle of a match.

Incidentally, Mr. Fairbanks was eliminated from the competition at Westward Ho—his first participation in an international golf tournament.

Commenting on reports that she and Mr. Fairbanks are estranged, Miss Pickford said:

"I am afraid they cannot sell me that idea, however, much they try. My presence in England should be a sufficient answer to the reports that I am planning to divorce Mr. Fairbanks."

Miss Pickford added that she will never again play in the same film with Mr. Fairbanks.

### Cannot Keep Up.

"His pace is too much for me," Miss Pickford said in explaining why she will not play in another motion picture with her energetic husband. "He goes ninety miles an hour whereas when I am in full speed I can do only 45 miles an hour. When I am on one corner of the street he is down the street and into another theatre."

As soon as she had graciously talked with newspaper reporters Miss Pickford proceeded at once to Westward Ho. She and Mr. Fairbanks have not met for several months. In that time he has been on an extensive tour, visiting China, Japan, the Philippines, French Indo-China, India, Italy, France, and now England. Mr. Fairbanks and Miss Pickford plan to spend the summer in England together in further answer to ugly rumours that a divorce action was impending.

## JUDGE TALKS ABOUT "WELSHING."

### "THE RISK OF BETTING WITH A BOOKMAKER."

Roulette, "welshing" and the three-card trick were among the things discussed in a King's Bench Divisional Court, during a case to test the legality of the use of a totalisator on a greyhound racing-track at Liverpool. And these are some of the things that were said: Lord Hewart (Lord Chief Justice)—Is it not necessary to distinguish between wagering and gambling? A race by itself may not be a game of chance; but when someone, in ignorance of all the factors, or some them, which will determine the result of that race, bets upon that result, would not that become a game of chance?

Counsel spoke about a case of 60 years ago which dealt with the use of a pari-mutuel.

Lord Hewart.—It was not called a totalisator in those days. When did that word invade the language?

Counsel confessed that he did not know.

Counsel—If you bet with a bookmaker you have to face the uncertainty whether you will win or lose, but with the Tote there is a further uncertainty, the shifting of the odds.

Mr. Justice Ivory.—There is also the element of chance that the bookmaker will "welsh."

Lord Hewart.—We cannot shut our eyes to the fact that the Gambling Act was aimed at the man who went about with a roulette table or the three-card trick.

## 'SIR AUREL STEIN' TURNS BACK.

### ABANDONS EXPEDITION TO SINKIANG.

### CHINESE SOCIETIES' OBSTRUCTION.

Peking, May 23.—It is learned that the famous archaeologist, Sir Aurel Stein, started for Home from Sinkiang on May 18, abandoning his scientific expedition largely owing to hindrances placed in his way by the local authorities.

The Society for the Preservation of Ancient Relics, which conducted a strong campaign last December for the expulsion of Sir Aurel Stein, has received a telegram from General Chin, chairman of the Sinkiang Provincial Government, saying that in response to its repeated requests he has ordered Sir Aurel Stein to leave the province.

Sir Aurel Stein has carried out a number of important geographical and archaeological explorations in Central Asia and West China. In December the Society for the Preservation of Ancient Relics petitioned the Central Government alleging that he was not only guilty of attempting to remove valuable relics from China but that, before coming to this country, he made a speech in the United States attacking Young China and the Kuomintang and announcing that he could bribe the Sinkiang officials to allow him to carry out his purposes.

### Passport From Nanking.

It is learned that Sir Aurel Stein, who has made some wonderful discoveries in Sinkiang during the past 30 years, including the famous rock paintings and other most important scientific treasures formerly lying disregarded in the desert, had much difficulty last year in obtaining permission for his expedition. He went personally to Nanking in the Spring and finally obtained the necessary passport.

He offered to give an undertaking not to remove any objects from China without first obtaining the consent of the Government, but the Government did not insist upon this. Sir Aurel then went to India and entered Sinkiang through Kashgar.

Owing to the attitude of the Society for the Preservation of Ancient Relics and other organizations, the British authorities were urged to stop the expedition. Finally, however, all difficulties were removed and the expedition started upon its work in September.

### Tracing Hsuan Tsang's Route.

The main object of his expedition was to discover the old route of the famous Buddhist monk Hsuan Tsang, who, during the Tang Dynasty, penetrated from China as far as North India and the Caspian Sea, although a search was also to be made for more relics.

Before leaving India Sir Aurel Stein again gave assurances to the India Government that he would not remove objects from China without the consent of the Chinese Government. He was interested in science for its own sake, he declared, and in a country in which his finds were deposited was a subordinate matter as long as the best scientific use could be made of them.

### INFECTED ANIMALS.

### COMPENSATION FOR SLAUGHTER.

A Bill introduced an Ordinance to amend further the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance, 1903, is published in the Government Gazette.

The objects and reasons stated:—Until 1903, section 54 of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance, 1903, provided for the payment of compensation, not exceeding \$100 for each animal, for the slaughter of infected cattle. "Cattle" is defined under the Ordinance, and means "bulls, cows, oxen, heifers, calves and buffaloes."

The amending Ordinance, No. 21 of 1903, based to some extent on the Diseases of Animals Act, 1894, provided for a maximum compensation of \$40 in the case of a pig and \$100 in the case of any other animal. It is considered that the latter figure should only be applied, as it was prior to 1903, in the case of cattle and that the figure then settled as the maximum in the case of a pig should apply to other animals.

## DIVORCE AS AN INDUSTRY.

### RENO, NEVADA, AND ITS RIVALS.

### COMPETITION OF IDAHO.

Reno, the town in the State of Nevada which has become world famous for the easy divorces which can be obtained there, is having a hard struggle to preserve this lucrative trade from other competitors.

Nevada did not consciously strive to be the centre of the divorce industry. It happened by accident. The grounds for divorce which it allowed were very liberal, but no more than in several other States.

In addition, however, being a far Western State and short of population, it encouraged settlers to come to it by requiring only a 90-days' residence to obtain citizen rights. It is this law which has proved so welcome to those troubled with incongruous marital companions.

Arkansas and Idaho, attracted by the money which people with 90 days to fritter away spent in Reno, made a determined effort to attract Reno's trade from it by reducing their own residential requirements for divorce seekers also to 90 days.

### Nevada's Reply.

Nevada promptly countered by reducing its requirements to 42 days. It also modified its laws so as to provide for hearings in camera, and gave other protection against excessive publicity.

Reno's prestige again. As a further attraction (and source of profit) gambling was legalized.

What Arkansas and Idaho will do now has not been announced, but many people are having a good deal of fun at Nevada's expense. "The new six weeks' law," says a paper from the neighbouring State of California, "switches to the principle that filled American roads with divorcees. Quick sales and small profits is the slogan. One can sympathize with the divorcee colony on a six weeks' schedule will not be so profitable to the grocers and the garage men. But against this is the prospect of many more members. That is the advantage of mass production."

### Wyoming's New Lead.

While Idaho and Arkansas have been making divorce easier, Wyoming has been making marriage harder. The State Legislature recently passed a Bill requiring five days' notice of intention to marry before a licence could be issued. Other States have followed suit. This facility for tying and untangling the marriage knot sometimes leads to complicated relationships. In Los Angeles, recently, I met a couple who had been married five years and had a small daughter, aged nine, who was perfectly legitimate, being the child of the same two parents by a previous marriage.

Re-marriage of divorced couples is not at all uncommon. After experiments elsewhere, the disillusioned pair decide that, though their marriage may not have been perfect, it was, at any rate, not nearly so imperfect as it might have been.

### SCOUTS ON PARADE.

### INSPECTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

The annual inspection of local scouts took place on Saturday in the grounds of Government House, when H.E. the Governor, who is also Chief Scout of the Colony, presented the Prince of Wales' Banner to the 13th Hong Kong Group.

His Excellency was accompanied by Capt. Colman, A.D.C., and was greeted on his arrival with a "grand howl" from the Wolf Cubs, while the Scouts stood on the alert.

A Letter of Commendation from the Chief Scout of the World (Lord Baden-Powell) was presented to Scout Joseph Gecks of the Murray Group.

Addressing the gathering later, the Chief Scout of Hong Kong said that he had given him very great pleasure to inspect the Boy Scouts and Wolf Cubs. He congratulated the 13th Hong Kong troop on winning the banner. When he was first appointed as Governor of Hong Kong some fifteen months ago, his pleasure was further enhanced by the fact that he was to be the Chief Scout of the Colony. Although he did not take a very active part in the association, he always took a very deep interest in the work of the movement.

Thanks to Local Chief, The Hon. Dr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., LL.D. (President) expressed a few well-chosen words of thanks to His Excellency for his kindness in inspecting the parade, and went on to say that Sir William had also shown keen interest in the welfare of the association. The speaker then called upon the Scouts and Cubs to give three cheers for the Chief Scout, and this was responded to most heartily.

The KIWI Trade Mark stands for Superiority in Boot Polishes "IN EVERY WAY"



This Quality Boot Polish is obtainable in BLACK, any shade of TAN & PATENT LEATHER

# KIWI

Sole Distributors:—W. B. LOXLEY & Co.

## MIGHTY MILITARY MARCHES BY THE GRENADIERS

### Big Volume Columbia Strict Time

You Never Heard Marches Like These!

- 5471 NAVAL MARCH
- 5472 MILITARY MARCH
- 5473 ANGLO-AMERICAN MARCH
- 5474 SCOTTISH MARCH
- 5475 MARCHES LORRAINE
- 5476 BELLEGOR QUICK MARCH
- 5477 COLONEL BOGEY
- 5478 STARS AND STRIPES
- 744 ON THE QUARTER DECK
- ELLES MERE

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.



INDIGESTION  
"Sanatogen has a directly favourable influence on the whole nervous system, especially on those nerves which affect the digestive organs."  
Dr. P. Rodari, Prof. of Med.

## Frayed Nerves cause all this trouble

Our whole organism depends upon the nervous system—which has its fibres in every part of the body. Nervous complaints are caused by one and the same thing: Nerve weakness.

Easily induced fatigue, distaste for work, difficulty in concentration, lack of appetite, fitful sleep, loss of weight—all these may be signals that something is wrong with the nervous system. The only logical way to overcome these complaints is to go to the root of the trouble—the nerves. Strengthen those nerves with Sanatogen—the finest tonic food obtainable. Sanatogen feeds the nerve-cells with the exact proportion of those elements—glycophosphate and albumin—from which new nerve-strength is derived. By so doing Sanatogen conquers all symptoms of nerve-weakness.

A well-known London physician says: "Sanatogen goes straight to the core of well-being, viz. the cells, and builds these up into a permanent and solid fabric of health."

Start taking Sanatogen to-day. You will soon notice its wonderful influence on your health; your nerves will no longer trouble you, you will sleep better, and your appetite will immediately improve.

# SANATOGEN

The True Tonic-Food  
Obtainable at all Chemists and Stores



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## BANK HOLIDAYS.

IN accordance with Government Ordinance, The EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the TRANSACTION OF PUBLIC BUSINESS on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd JUNE (The BIRTHDAY of His Majesty THE KING).  
Hong Kong, 29th May, 1931. [788]

## NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that CHINESE MARITIME CUSTOMS IMPORT DEPOSIT RECEIPT NO. 41, issued to SHAUHUNG, on MAY 7, 1931, for the sum of \$18.00 has been LOST.

W. S. V. CURTIS,  
Manager,  
THE DUBO PUMP & ENGINEERING CO. [789]

THE GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, LIMITED.  
THE EASTERN EXTENSION, AUSTRALASIA AND CHINA TELEGRAPH COMPANY, LIMITED.

## CURRENCY CHARGES ON TELEGRAMS.

Senders of Telegrams are hereby notified that from 1st June, 1931, and until further notice the charges for telegrams will be collected at the rate of Dollar 0.50 to equal Gold Franc 1.00.

H. EFFERSOE, S. JACK,  
Acting Supt. Manager,  
[790]

## UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.

## NOTICE.

FROM THIS DATE and during the absence of the undersigned from the Colony, Mr. H. C. GRAY is appointed Acting General Manager of the Society.

By Order of the Board,  
PAUL LAUDER,  
General Manager,  
Hong Kong, 1st June, 1931. [791]

## BRITISH TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

## NOTICE.

FROM THIS DATE and during the absence of the undersigned from the Colony, Mr. H. C. GRAY is appointed Acting General Manager of the Company.

By Order of the Board,  
PAUL LAUDER,  
General Manager,  
Hong Kong, 1st June, 1931. [792]

## THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

## NOTICE.

FROM THIS DATE and during the absence of the undersigned from the Colony, Mr. H. C. GRAY is appointed Acting General Manager of the Company.

By Order of the Board,  
PAUL LAUDER,  
General Manager,  
Hong Kong, 1st June, 1931. [793]

## NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Business heretofore carried on by KAWASJI SORABJI PAVRI at No. 32, WINDHAM STREET, HONG KONG, under the Style or Firm Name of "K. S. PAVRI" will in future be carried on under the Style or Firm Name of "K. S. PAVRI & SONS".  
Dated the 27th day of May, 1931. [779]

## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LIMITED.

THE FIFTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Offices of the General Managers, Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., PRINCE STREET, HONG KONG, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th JUNE, 1931, at NOON for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, passing the Accounts, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 10th JUNE to 1st JULY, 1931, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,  
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,  
General Managers,  
Hong Kong, 27th May, 1931. [780]



Every  
Sip is a  
Pleasure

## "FORMAZONE"

THE NON-ALCOHOLIC  
CHAMPAGNE

YOU'LL REVEL IN  
THAT COOL, SOOTHING  
FLAVOUR, WHICH  
DROWNS YOUR THIRST  
IN A JOYOUS GURGLE.

## A. S. WATSON &amp; Co., LIMITED.

Aerated Water Manufacturers.

TEL.

KOWLOON 57139. HONGKONG 20436.

## PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

## NOTICE.

LATE CAR SERVICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE NOTIFIED that LATE CARS are available immediately on demand Every Night between the Hours of 12.15 A.M. and 3.00 A.M. unless a Notice to the contrary is advertised during the preceding Day.  
Fares 50 Cents Per Passenger with a Minimum Charge of \$2 Per Car.  
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,  
General Managers. [792]

## CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT.

MORTGAGE BANK AND ESTATE AGENTS.

"PEAK MANSIONS"  
Six-roomed and Five-roomed Apartments  
PRINCE EDWARD ROAD,  
KOWLOON.

Detached and Semi-detached Villas  
Modern Construction with Garages.

"CAMBAY BUILDINGS"  
Flats with Modern Conveniences.

## AGENCIES.

The London Office of the HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, 33, FLEET STREET, E.C.4, is constantly receiving Enquiries from Home Manufacturers regarding Suitable Firms to act as Agents for their products in Hong Kong and South China.

If Local Companies desirous of taking up further Agencies will let us know the Lines in which they are interested the information will be forwarded to London and passed on to interested parties as opportunity offers.

This Service is offered to our Readers without charge and, of course, no obligation is incurred on either side.

The Required Information should be sent to the  
HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, LTD.,  
11, 1st Floor, HONG KONG.

## WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 7.10 p.m., stated:—

Pressure is highest over S.E. Manchuria. The depression is now central in the vicinity of Naha.  
Local Forecast:—S.E. or variable winds, light to moderate; cloudy; showery.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street, Tel. 30251.

Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.

London Office: 33, Fleet Street, E.C.4.

## The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, JUNE 1, 1931.

## MR. WANG CHING WEI'S VISION.

It is interesting to note that Mr. WANG CHING WEI, who is generally regarded as the chairman and president-elect of the new National Government, which was proclaimed last week in Canton, emphatically states that China does not need strong Government. His actual words, as reported in the Canton Gazette were: "Some think that China must have a strong Government in order to be able to resist foreign aggression and to bring unification to the country. The idea is wrong." A criticism of YUAN SHIH KAI's regime and policy then follows with the remark, "YUAN's downfall came. Now CHIANG KAI SHEK has taken the Government as his personal property. His collapse will come as surely as that of YUAN SHIH KAI." Mr. WANG CHING WEI concluded by saying that democracy would come into existence with the downfall of CHIANG KAI SHEK.

It would be interesting to know what, exactly, Mr. WANG CHING WEI means by all this. No doubt he considers that China should be governed by a committee of the Kuomintang each member holding one of the great offices of state. They would be elected by that body and responsible to it. That is very pretty, and will no doubt work beautifully when all Mr. WANG CHING WEI's colleagues have attained that selflessness and perfection which the Chinese sages have extolled from the earliest times till today. Each item of public business will, no doubt, then be discussed calmly and dispassionately, and the true solution reached, thanks to the complete wisdom and goodness of all concerned.

Such is the theory, but we know that in practice every committee in the world, be it a number of village elders in China, England or Alaska, an assembly of Cabinet Ministers of a great Power, or a group of generals deciding on the proper plans for the overthrow of the enemy, is divided into cliques, indulges in personalities and differs violently over every point of importance. There are two alternatives in committee procedure, either delay, indecision and intrigue or the complete dominance of one man.

"Those in favour of my proposals signify in the usual way," said ABRAHAM LINCOLN, at a vitally important cabinet meeting during the American Civil War. Not a hand moved, till he held up his own.

"The 'Ayes' have it," said ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and his colleagues scowled but did not resign. The Elder Pitt and Cromwell, England's two ablest War Ministers, did not choose great men as their colleagues, but men who would obey them, and they both had a habit of winning wars, and keeping order at home. No doubt Mr. WANG CHING WEI is more fortunate. He may have that magic power, possessed by NELSON, of blending his chief supporters into a band of brothers. But until he had got full control of the Fleet even NELSON had a habit of quarrelling and "wangling." In

Mr. WANG's government no doubt democracy will be the guiding star. And all his generals and ministers, we may be certain, will accept Mr. WANG's definition of democracy. There will be no dictating to anyone. The right-as of what Mr. WANG decides will be crystal clear and all will agree. A happy day it will be when those faithful servants of the Kuomintang, Generals PEI CHUNG HSI, CHANG FAT FU, TANG SENG CHU and PENG YU HSIANG, among whom there have been so many misunderstandings in the past, are once more united in bonds, of mutual affection, comradeship admiration and patriotic zeal. When CHIANG KAI SHEK has been disposed of, and the last brigand converted to better ways, no doubt they will assemble at Mr. WANG CHING WEI's council board, complete with plans for a general demobilisation, and a self-denying ordinance by which half of them will take service under their older comrades.

This, one presumes, is the kind of thing Mr. WANG CHING WEI has in mind when he tells us that "strong government" is not needed, and that when CHIANG KAI SHEK goes democracy will come! The old order hangs upon the narrow thread of one man's obstinate resistance. What a tragedy. China is so near a new age, and one man stands out against it!

## COURTESY TO ROYAL EXILES.

SHAKESPEARE'S RICHARD II., who held that "Not all the water in the rough rude sea can wash the balm from an anointed king," would have welcomed a ruling given in the House of Commons. The Speaker held that the proper way to refer to the former ruler of Spain, is "King ALFONSO," so that Labour members who in future wish to contrast our ban on TROTSKY with our hospitality to ALFONSO will now know how to set about it with a reasonable chance of being in order. The difference between the two is, of course, that while ALFONSO's public interests are confined to Spain, TROTSKY is an international mischief maker.

It seems at first sight strange that a king who has been deposed by a Government which we have recognised should still remain a king, but this is our normal practice. The Court Circular recently recorded that "King MANUEL and Queen AUGUSTA VICTORIA" took luncheon at Windsor Castle, a verbal courtesy which harms no one, least of all the Portuguese Republic, which has survived more than twenty years of this politeness. Perhaps if ALFONSO remains as long in exile as MANUEL there will be as little hesitation in describing him as "King." One wonders, however, whether any lapse of time would quite reconcile the English official mind to referring to the ex-Kaiser as the Emperor WILLIAM. But on analogy this would seem to be demanded, since it is the actual crowning and not the territorial power which gives the right to perpetual royalty. "The name," as the Speaker ruled, "does not suggest that he is king of anywhere." Coronation, like ordination, is indelible, and just as the Bishop of Borrioboola Gha remains a bishop when he has resigned his see so the King of Spain remains a king when he has been deposed from his throne. But these points are little likely to bother England, since King ALFONSO has decided not to live in England. Presumably the income-tax, super-tax and death duties have made him think twice about accepting the ready hospitality of our land.

Why Not a Crime Budget?

"We don't seem to be able even to check crime," says Will Rogers, the American humorist "so why not legalise it and put a heavy tax on it! Make the tax for robbery so high that a bandit couldn't afford to rob anyone unless he knew they had a lot of dough. We have taxed other industries out of business; it might work here."

## ★ News and Views ★

## Paris Parsimony.

The days of the great Russian restaurants would seem to be over. It is only in the remotest restaurants today that one can obtain the honest materials of the pro-war days. The Parisians contend that this deterioration is due to the American invasion. Others declare that it is caused by the inveterate parsimony of the French. No race on earth is more adept, in times of stress, at drawing in their horns. It is not only the French housewife who glories in economy. The restaurateur of Paris is equally in love with thrift. As a result the fresh peas of Paris are fresh only from the tin. The old hens of the backyard are rejuvenated into spring chickens. And the eggs date from those seasons of the year when hens lay lavishly and well.

## Moscos—and Tragedy.

A very common belief in England is that Mr. Lloyd George was responsible for refusing the late Tsar of Russia an asylum in England. The facts, however, are incontrovertible. The question of the Tsar's safety was raised by Sir George Buchanan in a conversation with Milinkoff on March 21, 1917. A formal request was made by the Russian Foreign Minister for an asylum for the Tsar in England. On March 23 a cordial and favourable reply was received from the British Government. Unfortunately, the Imperial children had measles, and the Tsar refused to be separated from them. The delay was fatal. Before they were able to travel, Milinkoff had fallen. His successors were too afraid of the Soviet to assume the responsibility of allowing the Emperor to leave Russia.

## The Triumph of Rhythm.

"When your hair is turning silver I'll love you just the same." The strains of the popular song stole through the windows of the cool-room in New York. The judge looked at Kendall Lytton, aged 24, a six-foot negro, who stood in the dock. "Prisoners at the bar, a jury having duly convicted you of murder in the first degree." A dreamy smile appeared on the prisoner's face as he tilted his head to one side and his body began to sway softly to the rhythm of the music. I hereby sentence you to die in the electric chair in the week beginning. But the negro's mind was elsewhere. While the others held their breath he gazed absent-mindedly at the judge, his body still swaying. Attendants shut the windows but the music was still audible as the sheriff snapped handcuffs on his wrists and led him away, still smiling.

## Africa's Son in Splendour.

"Brilliant" seems the right word to describe the robes of one of the African chiefs present at the proceedings in the House of Lords of the Joint Parliamentary Committee which is considering the possibility of closer union in East Africa. He wore: A gown of bright blue with a large collar and cuffs of gold braid over a garment of pale pink. On his head was a turban of orange and white, with red, green and plaid trimmings; round his neck was a costly chain of gold. Occasionally a pair of stout black leather boots showed beneath the gown—a concession, no doubt, to the threat of rain.

## Justice!

The Soviet Public Prosecutor, Nikolai Krilenko, has been appointed Commissar of Justice, according to an announcement. With his combination of fanatical hatred of all enemies of the Soviet order and relentless logic, Krilenko was the most striking figure in the public State trials such as the Shacht case and the more recent trials of Mensheviks and members of the Industrial party. To these trials Krilenko gave some suggestion of the atmosphere of the trials of the French Revolution. One of his typical forensic devices was the reading of the texts from the collected works of Lenin's as a prelude to demanding a sentence of death or a long term of imprisonment.

## Authenticity of "Dreyfus."

By a curious coincidence, the only British journalist living who actually reported the sensational Dreyfus case for a London newspaper throughout its tortuous progress for fifteen years, Ernest Smith, viewed a talking picture for the first time when he was invited by British International Pictures to see that company's production "Dreyfus," which was made at Elstree Studios, and is now showing at the London Pavilion. He declared that he was amazed at the veritable reproduction on the screen of what had been for years a universal topic of controversy with a sincerity and authenticity that was astounding. He was particularly struck by the wonderful resemblance that noted actor Cedric Hardwicke achieved in his screen impersonation of Dreyfus, whom, of course, he saw daily throughout the unfortunate officer's trials by Court Martial. It is an interesting fact that Smith was present at the attempted assassination of Maitre Lohori, the advocate for Emile Zola, the French writer who was tried for defamation following his article "L'Accuse," which denounced those who sentenced Dreyfus on false evidence.

## SUMMARY OF NEWS

## Local and Far East.

Hainan news letter. Page 7.  
Latest developments in Canton. Page 8.  
Government House activities during last week. Page 7.  
To-day's wireless programme. Page 3.

## Sport.

I.R.C. function. Page 10.  
Home cricket results. Page 10.  
Results of Saturday's games in the Lawn Bowls League appears on Page 10.

## Latest Cables.

The Calcutta Derby sweep draw took place very quietly on Saturday night. The prize money amounts to \$318,000. Page 9.

The famous French ace, La Louette (who, last November, with Captain Goulette flew from Paris to Saigon in five days) was killed in a crash at Villa Neuva, while flying to Tunis. Page 9.

All offices of Catholic Organizations and institutions in Rome have been closed by order of the Italian Government, and police are entering and taking possession of all documents. Page 9.

Long before breakfast on Saturday thousands of people collected outside the Mansion House, Dublin, which was heavily guarded by police, while inside the House General O'Duffy, Chief of the Irish Free State Police, supervised the momentous draw. Page 9.

The atmosphere of tension caused by the great Mohammedan festival of Myharrem and the reaction after the recent terrible riots culminated in further fatal disturbances, when 4,000 Moslems threatening to march into Hindu quarters, on Friday, were dispersed by the police. Page 9.

That there is a possibility of "Texans" in Guinan being allowed to stay in France is suggested by a statement by Guinan, who when telephoned by Reuter from London said that she had submitted her case to the Minister of the Interior, who, she said, has consented to examine it most carefully. Page 9.

## Watch in the Ward.

Alongside the Bat and Ball cricket ground at Gravesend, stands the local workhouse. Practically every summer some batsman "hits one for six" in the direction of the building. And practically every summer they have to repair the slates on the roof.

## ★ Local Notes and Events ★

One case (Chinese) of typhoid fever was reported on Friday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Patroclus has been delayed and will not sail for Shanghai till noon to-morrow.

H.E. the Governor has appointed Mr. John Stuart to be a Justice of the Peace.

H.E. the Governor has appointed Mr. R. A. D. Forrest to be Deputy Estate Duty Commissioner.

H.E. the Governor has appointed Dr. J. S. Dykes to be a member of the Dental Board for a further period of three years.

At the Rotary Club tiffin to-morrow, Mr. J. Douglas Butcher, M.I.E.E., will give an address on "Electricity."

There has been added to the list of medical practitioners the name of Dr. K. V. Krishna, Bachelor of Medical and Surgery of the Hong Kong University.

Commencing from to-day, a "cocktail hour" will be instituted in the ground floor lounge of the Peninsula Hotel. The orchestra will play selections of the light music from 8.30 to 8 p.m.

It is notified that at the expiration of three months unless cause is shown to the contrary the name of the Kwong On Co., Ltd., will be struck off the register and the Company dissolved.

The South China Football Team en route to Java played a team of Annamites in Saigon before a crowd of 5,000 spectators on May 29, and won by 5-0. The scorers being King King Cheung (1), Lee Wai Tong and Chu Kwok Lun (2 each).

A shop faki, who was charged before Mr. W. Schofield on Saturday with assaulting a "boy" employed at the detectives' quarters at No. 7 Police Station, was fined \$20 and ordered to pay \$5 compensation. The assault, it was stated, was absolutely unprovoked.

H.E. the Governor has appointed, provisionally and subject to His Majesty's pleasure, the Hon. Mr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., LL.D., to be temporarily an Unofficial Member of the Executive Council in the place of the Hon. Sir Shouson Chow, who is temporarily absent from the Colony.

A fish-monger and a shoe-maker, who were charged before Mr. W. Schofield with fighting, were both bound over by the Magistrate in a bond of \$25 to keep the peace for six months. Inspector McWalter, who prosecuted, told the Court that the men were "knocking lumps out of each other" when they were arrested.

According to a report made to the police, a public car driver, 27 years of age, has been missing since Friday. The man was last seen driving three passengers to the direction of Tai-po. A search by friends resulted in their finding the car abandoned on the Lo Wu military road near Ho Sheng Chung. It is believed that the man has been kidnapped.

The body of a Chinese youth was retrieved from the hold of a junk which sank in the harbour on Tuesday and was raised and brought to the Yaumatei Typhoon Shelter on Friday. At the time of the sinking there were five persons on board, and of these four were rescued but a youth of seventeen was missing. When the junk was raised it was discovered that the youth had unfortunately been trapped.

## Looking Back 50 Years.

We reproduced on the 18th instant from the Shanghai Courier an account of the illness of the Emperor Kwang Su and of the Western Empress, which made it appear that both of these exalted personages were in a most critical state, and that intelligence of their deaths might be received at any moment. Our Shanghai correspondent at present publishes a letter from a correspondent at Peking in which he says that the "wild rumours" lately current in regard to the "dangerous illness" of the young Emperor are the grossest exaggerations. There is no doubt that the difficulty of procuring any authentic news in Peking relative to the doings of the Imperial Court is very great. Foreign residents in Peking and Tientsin even aver that they have to wait for the Shanghai papers to enlighten them, but as those journals often contain information based on rumour only, that source cannot be considered invariably reliable. In all probability if the Emperor had succumbed to his malady the event would have been designedly kept secret for some days, perhaps until the question of the succession had been set at rest. —Hongkong Daily Press, June 1, 1931.

## Looking Back 25 Years.

A Peking correspondent of the Times sent the following despatch on April 29th:—The general condition of China is not unsatisfactory. Kwangsi province, which formerly was the seat of perennial rebellion, is more peaceful and prosperous than it has been for many years; trade is satisfactory, the Customs revenue last year was by far the largest on record, whether it be estimated in silver or gold, and the postal service is working uninterruptedly through the Empire. European papers condemn the cry of "China for the Chinese," but, surely, betokening as it does the awakening of a consciousness of nationality, the movement is one requiring friendly guidance and encouragement and not unmeasured condemnation. —Hongkong Daily Press, June 1, 1906.



ANTI-CATHOLIC  
MOVE IN ITALY.VATICAN'S SERIOUS VIEW  
OF SITUATION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Rome, May 30.  
All offices of Catholic organisations and institutions in Rome have been closed by order of the Italian Government and police are entering and taking possession of all documents.

It is explained that the Government has taken this step in consequence of the recent disturbances and that it is purely a provisional measure (otherwise it would have been a violation of the Concordat between Italy and the Holy See).

Following the police action the heads of institutions immediately went to the Vatican to confer with the Pope, taking with them whatever articles as they could, such as the Papal Flag and certain religious articles.

## Vatican Preparing Protest.

Rome, May 31.

The Italian Government has instructed Provincial Prefects to use their own judgment in closing Catholic institutions throughout Italy, while the Holy See has instructed Bishops to assume personal direction of the Catholic Action Party in their Dioceses.

The Vatican is preparing a diplomatic protest to the Italian Government against anti-clerical demonstrations which culminated in the closing of Catholic institutions.

The gravity with which the Vatican views the situation is indicated by the fact that Cardinal Lega has been instructed not to go to Padua, as Papal Legate, for the centenary of St. Anthony on June 10, for which thousands of foreign pilgrims are going to Padua, while the Eucharistic Diocesan Congress in Rome this week has been cancelled.

GERMANS' VISIT TO  
ENGLAND.TO BE RECEIVED BY THE  
KING: A VISIT TO CHEQUERS.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, May 29.

The arrangements for the visit to England of the German Chancellor, Dr. Brüning, and the German Minister for Foreign Affairs, Dr. Curtius, have now been approved. They will arrive on June 3 and will be conveyed by H.M.S. Winchester to Southampton where there will be a civil reception. They will later be the guests at a dinner at the Foreign Office given by the Prime Minister on behalf of the Government.

During their sojourn they will stay at the Carlton Hotel, where they are due to leave on Saturday morning for Chequers, where they will be the guests of the Prime Minister until after luncheon on Sunday.

On Monday at noon their Excellencies will be received by His Majesty, following which they will be the guests at the Anglo-German Society's luncheon.

An afternoon reception at the Institute of International Affairs and a dinner in the evening followed by a reception at the German Embassy will complete their public engagements.

They will leave after luncheon on Tuesday for Southampton, where the Winchester will be in attendance to carry them to the liner Europa, by which they will return to Germany.

ABOLITION OF SPEED  
LIMIT.BRITISH DRIVERS  
"BEHAVING."

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, May 29.

The broad effect of the new Road Act, according to exhaustive inquiries made through their officials in all parts of the country by the Royal Automobile Club and the Automobile Association, is that since its introduction the British motorist both professionally and privately is definitely exercising the greatest care, and the reports are that there has been no general increase in speed.

IRISH SWEEP ON  
DERBY.A DYING MAN AND A BLIND  
GIRL DRAW TICKETS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, May 31.

It is now possible to summarize the results of the Irish sweepstakes draw. 123 tickets were drawn by London, 92 by the Home Counties, 102 by the rest of England, 54 by the United States, 47 by Ireland, 47 by Scotland, 23 by South Africa, 10 by Canada and nine by Wales.

Lucky tickets are also held by people throughout the world including India, China, Malaya, Kenya, Nigeria, Malta, Egypt, Palestine, Persia, Turkey, Greece, Germany, France and Brazil.

Among those who have a chance of winning a fortune are a Plymouth woman who bought a ticket with her housekeeping money to her husband's horror; a dying man who declares he would give ten such chances for a "little longer lease of life"; a British able seaman in His Majesty's ship Devonshire; a blind London basket-maker; a girl aged seven, another aged nine and a Dublin hospital nurse.

Eager Crowd Awaits Result of  
Draw.

Dublin, May 30.

Long before breakfast thousands of people collected outside the Mansion House, which was heavily guarded by police, while inside the House General O'Duffy, Chief of the Irish Free State Police, supervised the momentous draw.

As soon as an Irish nurse had drawn the nineteen fateful slips of paper from the huge revolving drum, painted with blue and white squares, containing some six million counterfoils, General O'Duffy moved across to a little crystal drum which contained the names of the thirty-three horses who had accepted for Wednesday's race.

A crowd of officials, typists, telegraphists and auditors watched the proceedings which were described through a loud speaker to the crowd outside.

## £700,000 for Charity.

London, May 30.

The drawing of the great Irish sweep on the Derby began at the Mansion House, Dublin, this morning.

It is officially announced that the total receipts were £2,789,696.

The amount available for prize distribution is £1,900,544. Hospitals and charities get £697,424. There are nineteen tickets on each horse. Holders of placed horses in the Derby get £30,000, £15,000 and £10,000, respectively, and holders of unplaced or mounts scratched since the final acceptance get £233 each.

## THE CALCUTTA SWEEP.

PRIZE MONEY £348,000.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Calcutta, May 31.

The Derby sweep draw took place very quietly yesterday night. The prize money amounts to £348,000. It is understood there will be two first prizes, each of £105,000, £10,000, two second prizes, each about £50,000, and two third prizes, each about £25,000.

Horses left in after the third forfeit will draw prizes of £2750 each and these are also duplicated.

KING AND QUEEN AT  
COVENT GARDEN OPERA.AUDIENCE SING NATIONAL  
ANTHEM.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, May 30.

Their Majesties the King and Queen last night attended the Opera at Covent Garden for the first time this season and saw a fine performance of Die Flodermäus. Their Majesties pointed an enthusiastic welcome from the audience, which, making a departure from the usual custom, sang when the orchestra played the National Anthem.

H.M. THE KING RIDES IN  
ROTTEN ROW.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, May 29.

H.M. the King was out riding in Rotten Row before breakfast today. Before his serious illness the King rode regularly in the Row during the summer but this was the first time he has ridden in public since his illness. Although there was a number of people watching the riders, few recognised His Majesty.

FURTHER RIOTING  
AT CAWNPORE.HINDUS AND MUSLIMS  
CLASH.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Cawnpore, May 30.

The atmosphere of tension caused by the great Mohammedan festival of Miharman and the reaction after the recent terrible riots culminated in further fatal disturbances, when 4,000 Moslems threatening to march into Hindu quarters, yesterday, were dispersed by the police.

To-day the police were forced to fire on crowds of Moslems and Hindus between whom fighting broke out, eleven Moslems and three Hindus being injured, while one Moslem and one Hindu are dead.

Excitement is growing intense, panic prevails and all mills and shops are closed.

## Official Figures.

Cawnpore, May 31.

It is officially stated that one Hindu and one Moslem were killed while 4 Hindus and 15 Moslems were injured as the result of police fire during the disturbance yesterday. Two Hindus and six Moslems were injured in subsequent assaults.

The situation is now under control and 150 extra police have arrived.

THE FEDERAL STRUCTURE  
COMMITTEE.

## DISTRESSING OUTLOOK.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, May 29.

The decision to postpone the meeting of the Federal Structure Committee of the Indian Round Table Conference was commended by Sir John Simon in a speech at the Bombay dinner in London this evening, when he said that the outlook was very distressing.

A very great deal of hard and unpleasant work had to be done, involving the coming to grips with highly controversial matters on which we were bound to state our own view with clearness and candour, which is the only way by which we could really get the respect of our Indian fellow subjects.

Our duty was not to retract any promise or hope whereby Britain was bound, but to make clear that we believe that we had a duty to the Indian people, to assist the maintenance of law and order and the re-establishment of good Government.

There was no reason for despair. With courage, candour, patience, real friendliness and insight we might yet achieve the dream for India which India so urgently needed.

## Communal Issue.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, May 29.

An India Office communiqué states that "His Majesty's Government and the Government of India have been discussing the date for the resumption of the Indian Round Table Conference. The choice lay between summoning the Federal Structure Committee to this country at the end of June, which would have involved meeting in August, postponing the resumption until September. In the latter case the interval would be employed in pressing on with certain necessary work both in London and in India.

His Majesty's Government were prepared to adopt the first course if all sections found it to be practicable. Enquiries have, however, shown that this alternative was seriously inconvenient to several members of the committee, both at home and in India. The later date is therefore unavoidable, but the constitutional advance is a matter of so much moment to India that the resumption of the Round Table Conference cannot be postponed beyond the beginning of September. His Majesty's Government have therefore decided to invite the Federal Structure Committee to a resumption in London not later than September 8 for the resumption of work at the earliest practicable date thereafter.

If a communal settlement has been reached in India by that time the work of the Federal Structure Committee will be greatly facilitated. If not it will be a matter for consideration whether the Minorities Committee should resume its work about the same time. The question of adding representatives to the Federal Structure is under active consideration.

NIGHT CLUB QUEEN  
TO STAY IN FRANCE?CASE SUBMITTED TO  
MINISTER OF INTERIOR.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Le Havre, May 30.

It is announced that the French Government has given instructions that "Texas" Guinan and her troupe of girls must be shipped back to the United States "by the first boat available."

Minister of Interior to Consider  
Case.

London, May 31.

There is a possibility of "Texas" Guinan being allowed to stay in France is suggested by a statement by Guinan, who when telephoned by Reuter from London said that she had submitted her case to the Minister of the Interior, who, she said, has consented to examine it most carefully.

## Earlier Cables.

Paris, May 29.

The entourage of Texas Guinan, New York's Night Club "Queen," believe that her tiff with the French authorities has ended satisfactorily. Her dance instructor, interviewed, said that Texas will probably leave for Paris on Saturday. It is not expected that there would be further difficulties from the immigration authorities, although there were still certain formalities to be completed.

Texas herself, interviewed earlier, was very indignant at the high and declared: "There is no reason why I should not be allowed to land. I am an American citizen and there is no scandal around me. My passport is endorsed by Presidents Wilson and Harding. As to Britain, I will. But I do not choose." As soon as Texas, who was wearing white riding breeches and well plastered with diamonds, was allowed to land she hurried to her hotel and went to sleep.

## Going to Shanghai?

LATER.

"Texas" Guinan, interviewed here, said that if Paris would not receive her she would leave France and tour Europe and visit other Capitals, including Shanghai.

She added that she had not come to France to earn money. "If I had wanted that I should have remained in America, where I can earn over £2,000 a week, but I want to show the world my troupe."

## How to "Make Whoopies."

Paris, May 29.

"Texas" Guinan, New York's night club queen, accompanied by a bevy of show girls aboard the liner Paris from New York, was not allowed to land in France, where she came to show Parisians how to "make whoopies."

Special port police pointed out that she did not possess a regular labour contract.

She had previously been rebuffed when the liner called at Plymouth, where officials informed her that she was barred from Britain.

BULLET STOPPED BY A  
BUTTON.BELGIANS ACCUSED OF ARMED  
HOLD-UP OF A WOMAN.Two young Belgians, George  
Cuvellier, of Rue Mitgenne, Lon-  
gen, near Liege, and Henri Jean  
Joseph Stanniet, of Rue François  
Bertrand, Liege, were charged at  
Dover Police Court with attempt-  
ing to murder Miss Daisy Woollett,  
of Crabble-hill, Dover, by shooting  
her with a pistol at Astley-avenue,  
Dover.

They were also charged with robbing her and stealing her handbag and umbrella.

Miss Woollett said that as she was walking down Astley-avenue at 9 p.m. on Sunday she was stopped by the two men who said "Money!" Cuvellier pointed a revolver at her, counted "One, two three," and fired. There was a loud report, and they ran away with her bag and umbrella.

## Pistol Up Chimney.

Inspector Leeming said that he found a pistol and cartridges up a chimney in the room occupied by the men at a Dover hotel. Cuvellier told him at the police station: "When the shot was fired I was stupefied. I was unaware that it had gone off. I do not know whether the shot was fired or what happened."

Mr. Loxton, prosecuting, said if it had not been for a button getting in the way of the bullet, Miss Woollett must have been at least seriously injured.

The men were remanded.

FAMOUS FRENCH  
ACE KILLED.CRASHES WHILE ATTEMPT-  
ING TO BREAK RECORD.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Barcelona, May 30.

The famous French ace La Loutette (who, last November, with Captain Goulette flew from Paris to Saigon in five days) was killed in a crash at Villa Nueva, while flying to Tunis in an attempt to beat the world's long-distance record for tourist planes. La Loutette's companion, Permaigne, was also killed. La Loutette piloted Prince Carol to Roumania at the time of his dramatic return to claim the throne.

BRITAIN-AUSTRALIA  
FLIGHT.

## SCOTT HOMEWARD BOUND.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, May 30.

Flight Lieutenant Scott, who is making a return flight to England after establishing a fresh England-Australia record, reached Calcutta this afternoon from Rangoon. He left half an hour later for Karachi.

WAR TIME PILOTS TO  
INSPECT CROYDON 'DROME.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Rugby, May 29.

Arrangements have been made by the Imperial Airways for 200 war time fighting pilots and aerial observers who have not flown since the war to inspect Croydon Aerodrome on Sunday, after which they will fly over London in a number of big Armstrong-Siddeley air liners used on the Cross-Channel air services.

SCANDALS MAY BE  
EXPOSED.DISCLOSURES EXPECTED IN  
LOS ANGELES TRIAL.EX-OFFICIAL HELD FOR  
MURDER.Los Angeles, May 22.—Los An-  
geles' most sensational murder trial  
began to-day as Mr. Baron Fitts,  
the District Attorney, announced  
that he will formally charge Mr.  
David Harris Clark, the former  
District Attorney, with the shoot-  
ing of Mr. Herbert Spencer, edi-  
tor, and Mr. Charles Crawford, a  
prominent politician.

Mr. Clark, a candidate for election as a municipal judge, shot and killed Messrs. Spencer and Crawford two days ago, according to District Attorney Fitts. He surrendered to the police last night. Three persons declare they saw Mr. Clark shoot and kill Messrs. Spencer and Crawford.

After his surrender Mr. Clark declined to issue a statement. District Attorney Fitts declared that he has a perfect case against the former prosecutor, who was nominated as a candidate for the municipal judgeship in the recent primary elections.

"There is turmoil inside of me," the accused man said as he requested the prosecutors not to question him until later.

According to the evidence un-  
earthed by the police so far, Messrs.  
Spencer and Crawford had threat-  
ened a complete exposure of the  
graft alleged to be rampant in Los  
Angeles. Some one went to Mr.  
Crawford's office and shot him as  
well as Mr. Spencer.

## Graft to be Exposed.

While he was the District At-  
torney Mr. Clark, now held for mur-  
der himself, was most active. He  
figured prominently in several  
spectacular cases. Mr. Clark pro-  
secuted C. C. Julian and others  
involved in the scandals of the  
Julian Petroleum Company. He  
also prosecuted Miss Daisy Devoe,  
the private secretary of Miss Clara  
Bow, popular motion picture ac-  
tress. Miss Devoe was convicted  
of stealing jewels and money from  
Miss Bow.

Because of the prominence of the  
principals in the murder case it is  
expected that the trial of Mr.  
Clark will be one of the most sen-  
sational in the history of the Cali-  
fornia Courts. It is predicted that  
large-scale graft operations will  
be exposed at the trial.

NEW GOVERNMENT'S  
MANIFESTO.CHIANG'S EVIL DEEDS: A  
NEW ERA PROMISED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Canton, May 29.

Following the inauguration cere-  
mony of the new National Govern-  
ment a Manifesto was released, a  
résumé of which we reprint from  
the Canton Gazette.

In compliance with the decision of the Extraordinary Meeting of the Central Kuomintang Executive and Supervisory Committees, the members of the National Council formally assumed office, following the inauguration of the National Government on May 28.

"It will be recalled that the National Government was for the first time formed at Canton, on July 1, 1923, and removed to Wu-Han during 1926-1927, and thence to Nanking in 1928, when the whole country was unified and the Political Tutelage period should have commenced. Unexpectedly, Chiang Kai-shek veered to dictatorship instead of carrying out the scheme of political tutelage, resulting in the inevitable opposition to his policy and the formation of the new National Government at Canton.

## Chiang's Delinquencies.

"Opposition is offered Chiang because he takes the Government as his private property. The New National Government will act in strong contrast to Nanking by giving every publicity to its actions. There are five Yuan in Nanking but every meeting has been under the dicta of Chiang. As a result the decisions reached by them could not be carried out.

"On account of his rectitude which did not at all serve to promote the personal interest of Chiang, Mr. Hu Han-min, President of the Legislative Yuan, has been placed under detention. This goes to indicate that Chiang has ridden roughshod over law and principle.

"Either to serve his selfish ends or through jealousy, Chiang caused our military comrades to make a great sacrifice in 1929 so that the West River, Yangtze River and Yellow River were red with their blood.

## Principles of Democracy.

"Turning to finance, democracy demands integrity but Chiang has so far never made a single public statement of national accounts. Chiang's manifesto then alleges, 'used to draw two or three million dollars and sometimes four or five million, from the Ministry of Finance with just a bit. These amounts drawn were termed special expenses. Such a financial muddle is unheard of elsewhere.

"The new National Government will carry on differently from Chiang Kai-shek's Government, to be in keeping with the principles of democracy, and will welcome public comment.

"The regulations governing our military comrades will be strict. All statements in connection with receipts and disbursements will be openly published. Not only army check Government accounts but the people may also. This will result in the elimination of dictatorship and the foundation of democracy so that the principles and policies of our Party can be carried out."

TWO INTERESTING  
SPEECHES.

## We Must Act Together.

Two very interesting speeches at the ceremony were those of General Hsu Huangchi, ex-commander of the Kwangtung Army, and Mr. Wang Ching Wei.

General Hsu said that he had left Canton for six years, during which period there had been constant civil strife in the country. Chiang Kai-shek was the principal factor in stirring up the trouble, continued General Hsu who further recalled that while he was commanding the Kwangtung Army in Canton, Chiang Kai-shek was acting as his Chief-of-Staff. Chiang who was "crafty and ruthless," linked himself with M. Borodin, drove General Hsu out of power and usurped the command of the latter's army.

"Now that the new Nationalist Government has been inaugurated, comrades must act together and the downfall of Chiang Kai-shek is certain."

(Continued on next column.)

SPANISH ARMY  
REFORMS.

## MINISTER'S NEW IDEALS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Canton, May 29.

Senior Azana, Minister of War, has made an important statement regarding the scheme of military reforms. The future army, Senior Azana says, will be less expensive and more efficient than the present one. Formerly the army budget was framed in such a way that Ministers could afterwards deal with it as they liked, more especially since 1923, when the Dictatorship suppressed Parliament. Then any attempt to criticise the army budget was regarded as hostility to the army.

"We are determined," the Minister says, "to put an end to such a practice, under which military intrigues tried to coerce the public by fear. Politics have had a pernicious influence in the army. It is the simple truth that we Republicans have not introduced politics into the army. The monarchy must be blamed for that. The monarchy did not want a national army for the defence of the country. All it wanted was an army for the support of the monarchy. As soon as I have completed the reorganisation of the army I shall take up the matter of military justice. A new scale of military offences will have to be drawn up and new limitations put upon military jurisdiction. It is all very well for justice to be done without loss of time, but justice that is not merely a means of terrorising the people must be impartial rather than hasty."

"I have the utmost confidence in the future," concluded the Minister. "There will be an army, for there is a nation."

## Mr. Wang Ching Wei.

Mr. Wang Ching-wei, who was the last speaker, said—

"Chiang Kai-shek has done every conceivable thing contrary to the principles of democracy. What he did was solely for his personal interest. He has been persistent in deceiving the people that he has been carrying out the bequeathed teaching of our late Party Leader whose principles and policies can never be carried out, unless Chiang Kai-shek is overthrown."

"Some think that China must have a strong government in order to be able to resist foreign aggression and to bring unification to the country. This idea is wrong. Yuan Shih-kai's régime was regarded as a 'strong government.' He accepted the enormous loan of \$300,000,000 from foreign countries. As a result, Yuan's downfall came. Now Chiang Kai-shek has taken the Government as his personal property. His collapse will come as surely as that of Yuan Shih-kai."

"Chiang regards us as counter-revolutionists, because we oppose his dictatorship. Then all these were counter-revolutionists who opposed Yuan Shih-kai's monarchial scheme. This is an absurdity. On the contrary, Chiang Kai-shek himself is a counter-revolutionist while those who oppose him are real revolutionists."

Mr. Wang concluded that democracy would come into existence with the downfall of Chiang Kai-shek.

NEW MINISTERS TAKE UP  
POSTS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

Canton, May 31.

Mr. Eugene Chen and Mr. Fu Ping Hsiang will formally take up their posts of Minister and Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs of the National Government at Canton, respectively, to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock. The inaugural ceremony will be conducted in the auditorium of the Provincial Government. Other high officials of the Revolutionary Government here, including Mr. Tang Chia Yau, Minister of Finance, will also be inducted into office at the same time.

## CHINA'S FINANCES.

## DENIAL OF NEW LOAN ISSUE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Nanking, May 30.

The Finance Minister emphatically denies the truth of reports circulating that the Nationalist Government, in addition to their \$80,000,000 Consolidated Tax Loan, which is now being issued, proposes shortly to issue a further \$50,000,000 loan secured on the German-Austrian Boxer-Indemnity funds.



# Week End Sport.

## LAWN BOWLS LEAGUE.

### DOUBLE WINS FOR CRAIGENGOWER AND TAIKOO.

#### KOWLOON C.C. JUNIORS BEATEN AFTER THREE SUCCESSIVE VICTORIES.

Lawn Bowls League matches on Saturday provided double victories for Craiengower and Taikoo for the first time this season. Kowloon C.C. and Craiengower senior teams still remain unbeaten. The former accounted for Club de Recreo. Civil Service held a slight advantage over the champions almost towards the end, when Craiengower's three rinks turned the scales to win by 10 shots. The Police lost at the Bowling Green Club by the small margin of eight shots.

Owing to the unavailability of the Yacht Club ground, their game with Craiengower juniors was carried to Happy Valley. Souza's rink lost for the first time, but the home team won by four shots, thanks to a good show by Gill's rink. Kowloon C.C. had their colours lowered at Taikoo by a heavy margin, the rinks led by Munro and Duncan being prominent in the victory. Two of the Kowloon Bowling Green's rinks helped in their victory at Civil Service by 10 shots. Club de Recreo beat the Electricians on all rinks.

### RESULTS AT A GLANCE.

Bowling Green v. Police.	
Playing at home, Kowloon Bowling Green Club beat the Police by eight shots.	
Bowling Green. Police R.C.	
J. Rodger	H. Carey
G. H. Sherriff	A. Reynolds
H. Nish	F. E. Booker
W. Russell	W. Mair
(Skip) ..... 20	(Skip) ..... 19
R. S. Nichol	W. Dall
T. S. W. West	J. Shepherd
G. E. Roylance	W. McHardy
D. F. Warren	J. Gynn
(Skip) ..... 21	(Skip) ..... 10
S. Eeleshall	A. H. Brittain
G. J. Chambers	T. Gooding
E. W. L. Hogbin	A. J. Johnson
L. Guy	J. C. West
(Skip) ..... 19	(Skip) ..... 23
Total ..... 69	Total ..... 62

### DIVISION I.

#### Craiengower v. Civil Service.

Playing at home, Craiengower beat Civil Service by ten shots.

Craiengower. Civil Service.	
G. L. Buchanan	S. Randle
A. A. Razack	S. E. Alderman
C. S. Rosset	A. H. Oswick
R. Bana	J. Gregory
(Skip) ..... 21	(Skip) ..... 20
F. J. Neves	Jas. T. Dobbie
M. A. R. Souza	E. L. Holland
L. E. Jammet	L. Longbottom
D. Rumjahn	A. O. Brown
(Skip) ..... 22	(Skip) ..... 14
W. T. Brightman	F. Jones
A. E. Coates	H. Westlake
E. J. Arculli	J. Deakin
E. M. Omar	J. Hollidge
(Skip) ..... 21	(Skip) ..... 20
Total ..... 64	Total ..... 54

#### Kowloon C.C. v. Recreo.

Playing at home, Kowloon C.C. beat Club de Recreo by 13 shots.

Kowloon C.C. Recreo.	
F. Goodwin	A. S. Gomes
H. Overy	R. R. Roberts
J. C. Lyle	L. C. R. Souza
J. Gibson	R. F. Luz
(Skip) ..... 17	(Skip) ..... 10
H. Hampton	Dr. Basio
C. J. Taachi	A. H. Basio
A. Hyde Lay	C. A. Lopes
J. Fraser	C. G. Silva
(Skip) ..... 27	(Skip) ..... 15
E. C. Fincher	E. L. Barros
J. A. Howe	J. J. Basto
J. Hyde	C. E. Marques
A. E. Silkestone	L. A. Gutierrez
(Skip) ..... 14	(Skip) ..... 14
Total ..... 58	Total ..... 45

#### Taikoo v. Kowloon Dock.

Playing at home, Kowloon Dock lost to Taikoo by four shots.

Kowloon Dock. Taikoo R.C.	
F. C. Goodman	G. McLeod
W. Hedley	S. C. P. Amery
H. M. McTavish	T. Young
R. Lapsley	J. Wallace
(Skip) ..... 21	(Skip) ..... 28
J. Panchon	J. B. Chapman
H. G. Cooper	J. Sloan
J. V. Ramsay	W. Weir
F. Cullen	J. Ferguson
(Skip) ..... 20	(Skip) ..... 15
C. Atkinson	J. Stinton
J. A. Lindsay	J. Polson
J. McKelvie	J. Laing
C. Brown	N. Drummond
(Skip) ..... 19	(Skip) ..... 20
Total ..... 50	Total ..... 63

### DIVISION II.

#### Taikoo v. Kowloon C.C.

Playing at home, Taikoo beat Kowloon C.C. by 31 shots.

Taikoo R.C. Kowloon C.C.	
C. Summers	A. C. Burford
J. J. Whyte	F. G. Herdridge
S. Hops	P. T. Farrell
T. Grimes	J. P. Robinson
(Skip) ..... 13	(Skip) ..... 28
J. Mitchell	O. B. Raven
W. Cunningham	W. Hyde
D. Keown	L. J. Blackburn
D. Munro	J. Jack
(Skip) ..... 33	(Skip) ..... 10
W. Brown	H. Gittins
T. Swan	T. W. Carr
W. Dal	W. Hirst
R. K. Duncan	V. C. Labrum
(Skip) ..... 33	(Skip) ..... 7
Total ..... 79	Total ..... 45

#### Civil Service v. Bowling Green.

Playing at home, Civil Service lost to the Kowloon Bowling Green Club by 10 shots.

Civil Service. Bowling Green.	
H. Lockhart	H. F. Stoneham
J. Shand	H. G. Logan
R. R. Davies	W. E. Hale
H. E. Strange	A. Davidson
(Skip) ..... 10	(Skip) ..... 27
P. Knight	G. Thompson
N. Bebbington	T. Ferguson
R. R. Wood	H. H. Rose
W. E. Hollands	W. S. Drake
(Skip) ..... 16	(Skip) ..... 23
A. Tardack	F. V. Whitta
J. Willmott	W. Vennables
L. Luck	F. L. Rapley
W. Hickford	V. Petherick
(Skip) ..... 23	(Skip) ..... 12
Total ..... 52	Total ..... 62

#### Craiengower v. Yacht Club.

Playing at home, Craiengower beat the Yacht Club by four shots.

Craiengower. Yacht Club.	
F. Finner	A. Stevenson
R. Hooper	A. Hodges
W. Wood	E. W. Carpenter
A. L. de Souza	P. W. Ramsay
(Skip) ..... 21	(Skip) ..... 24
D. K. Kharas	N. Croucher
F. K. Modi	J. W. C. Bonnar
W. V. Field	A. T. Hamilton
W. Gill	W. Macfarlane
(Skip) ..... 21	(Skip) ..... 13
C. Summons	A. Murdoch
Y. Abbas	N. Currie
P. A. Dixon	E. B. Reed
H. V. Pearce	A. L. Shields
(Skip) ..... 19	(Skip) ..... 20
Total ..... 41	Total ..... 67

## Recreio v. Electric R.C.

Playing at home, Club de Recreo beat the Electric R.C. by 44 shots.

Recreio. Electric R.C.	
M. F. Baptista	H. S. Mackay
H. Rozario	J. Sloan
E. M. Remedios	S. Deacon
F. X. M. Silva	W. B. Muskett
(Skip) ..... 30	(Skip) ..... 10
L. F. Xavier	H. C. Butler
J. M. M. Alves	C. E. Gahagan
A. V. Barros	D. S. Hill
J. G. Ozeiro	J. F. Lunny
(Skip) ..... 32	(Skip) ..... 12
F. Xavier	J. R. Way
J. M. S. Rosario	A. F. Paul
P. Vyanovich	G. T. Padgett
H. A. Alves	A. Webster
(Skip) ..... 22	(Skip) ..... 13
Total ..... 81	Total ..... 40

### LEAGUE TABLES.

Division I.				
	P.	W.	D.	L.
Craiengower	4	4	0	0
Kowloon C.C.	4	4	0	0
Club de Recreo	4	0	2	4
Civil Service	4	2	0	2
Taikoo R.C.	4	2	0	2
Kowloon B.G.C.	4	2	0	2
Kowloon D.R.C.	4	0	0	4
Police R.C.	4	0	0	4

Division II.				
	P.	W.	D.	L.
Kowloon B.G.C.	4	4	0	0
Kowloon C.C.	4	3	0	1
Club de Recreo	4	3	0	1
Taikoo R.C.	4	2	0	2
Civil Service	4	2	0	2
Yacht Club	4	1	1	2
Craiengower	4	1	0	3
Electric R.C.	4	0	0	4

### SHOTS FOR AND AGAINST.

	For	Agst.	Up	Dn.
Craiengower	257	157	70	0
Kowloon C.C.	261	200	62	0
Club de Recreo	214	204	0	0
Civil Service	213	211	2	0
Taikoo R.C.	237	211	0	4
Kowloon B.G.C.	230	229	0	0
Kowloon D.R.C.	200	257	0	48
Police R.C.	103	267	0	60

### THE I.R.C. "QUARTETTE"

#### GUESTS AT DINNER AT THE CLUB.

Mr. C. A. L. Rumjahn (singles tennis champion of the Colony), Messrs. S. A. and H. D. Rumjahn (doubles champions) and Mr. J. A. E. Cassumbhor, who, with "C.A.L.", was runners-up in the doubles, were guests of honour at a dinner given by members of the Indian Recreation Club at the clubhouse on Saturday night, when the President, Mr. A. el Arculli, occupied the chair. Others present included Dr. H. el Arculli, Messrs. A. H. Madar, R. M. Omar, A. H. Rumjahn, S. A. R. Imail, M. P. Madar, M. R. Abbas, S. A. Imail, F. D. Pereira, M. A. Khan, F. M. el Arculli, T. Hamet and many others.

During the evening speeches were made by Messrs. A. el Arculli, C. A. L. Rumjahn, R. M. Omar and "Sirdar".

Mr. el Arculli said they were very pleased to have four such jolly good fellows with them. The I.R.C. "quartette" had done much for the Club and the community on the tennis courts. It was not very often that four members of the same Club figured in the final of the open championships but he hoped that the I.R.C. would see very many more of such final ties.

"C.A.L." and "Sirdar" replied suitably and the evening wound up with an impromptu concert which was thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

### FOOTBALL.

#### S. CHINA BEAT SAIGON CHAMPIONS.

The South China Football Team played another match in Saigon on May 30, and defeated the champion team of Indo-China by 4 goals to 1. Lee Wai Tong scored 3 and Chu Wok Lam made up the rest.

## COUNTY CRICKET MATCHES RESULTS.

### THUNDERSTORM SPOILS MID-WEEK PROGRAMME: PITCHES RENDERED UNFIT FOR PLAY.

#### FREEMAN'S WONDERFUL BOWLING AT MANCHESTER: FINE BATTING BY NEW ZEALANDERS.

As a result of the thunderstorm which swept across England on Thursday afternoon, cricket pitches were in a sorry plight and only one of the ten first-class matches was brought to a definite conclusion.

"Tich" Freeman was the hero of the mid-week matches. He bowled like one possessed against Lancashire at Manchester and took all ten wickets in the first innings for 70 runs. It is interesting to recall the fact that when playing against the same county at Maidstone in 1929, "Tich" did the same thing and this is the third time in his career that he has performed this wonderful achievement.

The following are the most noteworthy batting and bowling performances:

Batting.	
Holmes (Yorkshire) .....	250
H. G. Vivian (N.Z.) .....	135
Sutcliffe (Yorkshire) .....	129
M. L. Page (N.Z.) .....	113
R. S. Dullepsinghi (Sussex) .....	112
Woolley (Kent) .....	109
Cox (Northants) .....	98

Bowling.	
Freeman (Kent) .....	10 for 79
I. A. R. Peables .....	(Mid) 2 runs
A. G. Hazellrigg (Can- tab) .....	9 for 27
Hopwood (Lancashire) .....	9 for 55
Parker (Gloucester) .....	5 for 11
Hammond .....	(Gloucester) 4 for 11

### COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP TABLE.

	P.	W.	L.	W.	L.	Result.	Pts.	Pts.
Kent	5	4	0	1	0	0	75	65
Gloucestershire	7	3	1	2	1	0	105	58
Middlesex	5	3	0	2	0	0	75	55
Yorkshire	4	2	0	1	0	1	60	30
Notts	5	2	1	1	0	0	75	38
Lancashire	6	2	0	2	0	0	90	36
Sussex	5	1	1	2	1	0	75	28
Hampshire	4	1	0	1	1	1	80	27
Worcestershire	5	1	2	1	0	1	75	24
Somersetshire	6	1	2	0	3	0	90	24
Surrey	7	0	1	3	3	0	105	24
Derbyshire	7	0	2	3	1	1	105	22
Leicestershire	5	0	0	3	2	0	75	21
Essex	7	1	4	0	2	0	105	21
Glamorganshire	4	1	2	0	0	1	60	19
Northamptonshire	5	0	1	0	4	0	75	12
Warwickshire	5	0	3	1	0	1	75	9

The method of scoring this year is as follows:—15 points for a win; 7½ points for a tie; 5 points for a win on the first innings and 3 points for a loss on first innings; 4 points for a tie on the first innings and 4 points for no result.

### GLoucester v. SOMERSET.

Wally Hammond, England's dashing bat, who is also a useful bowler, played a big part in helping to dismiss Somerset for the poor total of 31 runs in their first innings. He took 4 for 30 while Parker had 3 for 11, and the match resulted in Gloucester taking the points on the first innings.

Gloucester batted first and made 214 and Somerset replied with only 31. They were forced to follow-on and rain saved them from what might have been an outright defeat as they had 30 for 2 when stumps were drawn.

The scores were:—  
Gloucester, 1st innings ..... 214  
Somerset, 1st innings ..... 31  
Hammond, 3 for 10.  
Parker, 5 for 11.  
Somerset (follow-on) for 2 wickets ..... 36

### LANCS v. KENT.

"TICH" FREEMAN DISMISSES THE WHOLE SIDE!

"Tich" Freeman, the "Emperor of slow bowlers," who shattered all records in 1928 by taking 304 wickets during that season, repeated his wonderful feat against Lancashire at Maidstone in 1929 when he took ten wickets in the first innings for 70 runs when these teams met at Manchester in a match which resulted in a win, on the first innings, for Kent.

Lancashire batted first and the feature of the innings was the wonderful bowling of Freeman. Keeping a perfect length throughout, "Tich" took 10 wickets for 70 runs and the side were all out for 184.

Frank Woolley proved that he is still a force to be reckoned with by hitting up 109 out of a total of 285 for 8, declared, when Kent batted for the first time. Hopwood, Lancashire's left-arm medium bowler, took 6 wickets for 85 runs.

Rain interfered seriously with the game and when Lancashire had put on 84 for 0 in their second knock, stumps were drawn.

The scores were:—  
Lancashire, 1st innings ..... 184  
Freeman, 10 for 70.  
Kent, 1st innings (9 wickets declared) ..... 285  
Woolley, 108.  
Hopwood, 3 for 55.  
Lancashire, 2nd innings (for 0 wickets) ..... 84

### MIDDLESEX v. ESSEX.

PEEBLES AND DURSTON BOWL WELL.

This match took place at Lord's and ended in Middlesex winning by the margin of nine wickets.

### LEICESTER v. SURREY.

SURREY FORCED TO FOLLOW-ON.

This match was played at Leicester and resulted in a win, on the first innings, for the home county.

Leicester batted first and put on 237 runs. In reply, Surrey could only get 89 and were consequently forced to follow-on. They had put together 95 for 3 when play ceased, rain saving them from what might have been a defeat by an innings.

The scores were:—  
Leicester, 1st innings ..... 237  
Surrey, 1st innings ..... 89  
Surrey (follow-on) for 3 wickets ..... 75

### WARWICK v. YORKS.

DOUBLE CENTURY FOR HOLMES.

This match was played at Birmingham, and those who went to see it were treated with yet another three-figure partnership for the first wicket by Herbert Sutcliffe and Percy Holmes. The former made 129 but Holmes, batting like a demon, was not out until he had collected 200! The match, however, resulted in a draw.

Yorkshire took first innings and with their opening pair doing so well, declared at 438 for 8. Sutcliffe and Holmes were at their best and though the wicket was rendered somewhat tricky by the wet weather, they batted like the masters they are and treated the gallery to some delightful cricket.

Rain, however, spoiled it all for when Warwick had put on 64 for 6, play had to be stopped and Yorkshire were, therefore, forced to be content with four points after their bright display in the first innings.

The scores were:—  
Yorkshire, 1st innings (8 wickets, declared) ..... 438  
Holmes, 200.  
Sutcliffe, 129.  
Warwick, 1st innings (for 6 wickets) ..... 64

### WORCESTER v. DERBY.

ANOTHER DISAPPOINTMENT.

These counties met at Worcester, but the match, like the majority of the games, was spoiled by rain and the sides divided the points, which was indeed unfortunate for the home team who wanted

only sixteen runs with eight wickets in hand to secure the points on the first innings.

Derby batted first and put on 175 and Worcester had got together 160 for 2 in reply when play stopped.

The scores were:—  
Derby, 1st innings ..... 175  
Worcester, 1st innings (for 2 wickets) ..... 160

### OXFORD v. NEW ZEALANDERS.

DASHING DISPLAY BY VISITORS.

After putting on 488 runs in their first innings against Oxford on the University's ground, the New Zealanders met with grim disappointment for rain stopped play after the Dark Blues had only put on 20 for 0 in reply.

The visitors batted first and both Vivian and Page ran into three figures whilst Mills was eight short of his century when he got out. Vivian made 135 and Page collected 113. Owen Smith of the University took 7 wickets for 125 runs. After Oxford had only just made a start, play was stopped, the scores standing at:—  
New Zealanders, 1st innings 488  
Vivian, 135.  
Page, 113.  
Mills, 92.  
Owen Smith, 7 for 135.  
Oxford, 1st innings (for no wickets) ..... 20

### CAMBRIDGE v. NOTTS.

HAZELLRIGG BOWLS WELL.

At Cambridge, the University played a drawn game with Notts, rain preventing the match being played to a finish.

Notts batted first but were



FRENCH TENNIS  
CHAMPIONSHIPS.MISS NUTHALL'S EASY  
VICTORY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, May 30.

The revival of British tennis prestige which was reflected in the winning of the French Women's Doubles title by Mrs. Fearnley-Whittingstall (nee Eileen Bennett) and Miss Betty Nuthall, and the winning of the Mixed Doubles title by Miss Nuthall and I. D. G. Spence, is confirmed by the singles successes yesterday, when G. P. Hughes beat the American star, George Lott, by a further result to-day when Miss Nuthall entered the final of the women's event by beating Fraulein Krahwinkel 6-1, 6-2.

Miss Nuthall had an unexpected hollow victory, and has now only to beat Fraulein Cecile Aussem or Senorita de Alvarez, to take her third title.

## Borotra Beats Satoh.

PARIS, May 30.

In the men's singles semi-final Borotra beat Satoh 10-8, 2-9, 5-7, 6-1, 6-2.

## German Girl Wins Semi-final.

In the semi-final Fraulein Aussem defeated Senorita de Alvarez 6-1, 7-5.

BATTALINO UPSETS  
PREDICTIONS.EASY VICTORY OVER LA  
BARBA.

New York, May 22.—Christopher ("But") Battalino to-night retained his world's feather-championship when, in fifteen rounds of not too strenuous fighting, he won a decision over Fidel La Barba. It was New York's first championship fight of the year. Advance predictions were entirely upset, for sports writers had agreed that Battalino was not a worthy champion and the public made it unanimous, because La Barba entered the ring a 2 to 1 favourite.

Neither Battalino nor La Barba was particularly damaged by the bout, but there was no question as to the winner. Battalino took nine rounds by clear margins, four rounds went to La Barba, and two were declared even. The verdict in favour of the Hartford battler was unanimous. Battalino is not a popular champion, but against La Barba he proved conclusively his right to wear the crown of the featherweight division.

La Barba is a former flyweight champion of the world and his defeat to-night set him back considerably in his efforts to gain distinction in a new division. For all Battalino's lack of class and experience, he proved that he has an abundance of courage and plenty of courage. La Barba's famed left hand failed to jab the champion in the extent that had been expected, and Battalino did not prove to be so easy to hit.

Battalino won the title he defended successfully to-night from Andre Routin, of France, in September, 1929. Since then, he has been beaten almost a dozen times, but rarely has he staked his championship.

DEATH SENTENCE ON  
TERRORISTS.MURDER OF DETECTIVES AND  
A NEWSPAPER EDITOR.

Belgrade, May 23.—Sentence of death was passed to-day on three terrorists, charged, with twenty others, with the murder of two detectives and a newspaper editor in Zagreb and also with blowing up a bridge and committing outrages against the police barracks and the railway line.

Eleven others were sentenced to terms of hard labour varying from two to twenty years.

It was alleged that the organization of which the prisoners were members worked in close co-operation with Croatian political refugees in Hungary and Austria.

CHURCHES AND  
MARRIAGE.CHANGES IN U.S. DIVORCE  
REGULATIONS.SEX EDUCATION AND BIRTH  
CONTROL.

The wave of liberalism which is sweeping the Protestant churches of America is evidenced in two new declarations issued on April 26, one by the Episcopal Church and the other by the Presbyterian body.

A radical change in the canons of the Episcopal Church will be recommended at the General Convention meeting at Denver in September as a result of the work of a commission, created six years ago, to study the question of divorce.

In the new canon all grounds for divorce, including adultery, which is recognized under present canon, will be eliminated from Church law. However, nine grounds on which marriage may be annulled will be defined by a new canon and provision made for the establishment of an "Ecclesiastical Matrimonial Court" in every diocese with the right, not only to pass on annulments but to give permission for divorced persons to contract a second marriage.

## Grounds for Annulment.

The grounds for annulment include the following reasons existing at the time of marriage: lack of free consent, impotency, mental deficiency, the existence of venereal disease, mistaken identity, consanguinity with certain degrees.

While stricter towards divorced persons in removing adultery as a ground for annulment the new canon will be much more lenient towards divorced persons in their relation to the church.

Priests may marry divorced persons although the ceremony cannot be performed in a church and a special service authorized by the bishop must be used.

Divorced persons, under the new canon, will be admitted to all the sacraments except marriage. The sole penalty for divorce under the new canon will be the denial of the right of a divorced person to contract a second marriage in church with an episcopal ceremony.

The new canon will require each parish to give instruction "both publicly and privately on the nature of Christian marriage, mutual forbearance and the responsibilities of marriage," and priests are forbidden to solemnize a marriage unless certain such instruction has been given.

## "Lifetime Contract."

Furthermore, as a part of the ceremony, the couple will be required to sign a statement recognizing marriage as a "lifetime contract."

From the Presbyterian Church comes the announcement that the Commission created to study the problems of marriage and divorce and re-marriage will report to the General Assembly at Pittsburgh, endorsing wide sex-education and approving birth control.

It is declared that "economic conditions and worthy standards of living clearly make it wrong to bring children into the world without adequate provision for their future and proper consideration for the health of the mother," and it is added, that "two methods are possible for securing birth control. The first is continence, and the second is the use of contraceptives. When this method is adopted of seeking the worthy objectives stated above, it should only be in fidelity to the highest spiritual ideals of the Christian home."

SITUATION IN COAL  
FIELDS.ERRONEOUS IMPRESSION OF  
SETTLEMENT.

London, May 23.—The Parliamentary Secretary of the Mines Department of the Board of Trade, Mr. E. Shinwell, who leaves on Tuesday to attend the conference of the International Labour Office at Geneva on miners' hours, said to-day the impression abroad that there would be no settlement of the present difficult situation in the British coal fields, was entirely erroneous.

An international convention, he declared, had nothing to do with the negotiations proceeding in the British coal-mining industry, in connection with which there would be a meeting of miners and owners on June 4, to be followed on June 5 by a meeting of both sides with the Government.

While it was important to get an international convention in order to secure uniformity in working hours throughout Europe, it could not come into operation immediately, because the convention had to be ratified and that might take two or three years.

## Money and Markets

BRITAIN MAKING  
PROGRESS.FUTURE FOR SYNTHETIC  
PRODUCTS.

Despite the universal trade depression, there are industries in which Britain is making progress and even now leads the world.

The industries are synthetic petrol, synthetic resins, and synthetic acetic acid.

At the present moment the best petrol costs 1s. 3d. a gallon. Coal petrol cannot be manufactured and sold for less than 1s. 3d. a gallon. Should the price of petrol go still higher a plant for the manufacture on a large scale of coal petrol will be installed in this country.

A big future is now assured for the synthetic resins now being placed on the market. These resins can be employed for practically every use to which celluloid can be put.

## Trade Position Better.

They can also be used in place of vulcanite ivory, and tortoiseshell.

The manufacture of synthetic acetic acid in this country will have far-reaching effects on the artificial silk industry. Previous to the installation of a plant in Great Britain practically the whole of Britain's supply of this acid came from abroad.

Acetic acid is the basis of the artificial silk industry, and for the first time Britain will manufacture this acid instead of importing it.

Britain's trade position is much better than is generally believed. In spite of the unemployment figures, there are now more people working than before the War. Other industries are "looking up," including the electrical industry, road development, building, banking, and insurance.

TRADE WITH SOUTH  
AMERICA.BRITAIN'S NEED FOR  
REDUCED FREIGHTS.

London, May 22.—There will be little improvement in our trade relations with South America until we have tackled the basic question of freights to those countries," said Lord Ednam in a speech at Dudley to-day.

Our passenger traffic to both the West and East coasts of South America was virtually lost, he declared, as Germany was sole to beat our fastest boats between Buenos Aires and Cherbourg by five days.

British exporters, he said, found it cheaper to send goods to Antwerp and transfer them to a German line than to ship them from a British port. It was also cheaper, quicker and more comfortable to go to the west coast of South America via New York and to transfer into an American boat there than to go direct.

In conclusion, however, Lord Ednam tried to raise the drooping spirits of the audience a little by stating in a more cheerful tone that he understood the best brains of the nation were now engaged in an attempt to solve these pressing problems.

## HONG KONG TRADE.

SMALL ENQUIRY FOR FANCY  
COTTONS.

The following reports are published on the fortnightly bulletin issued by the Hong Kong Chamber of Commerce:

## Cotton Piece Goods.

Enquiries are reported for fancy goods, quick shipment, and a few small lots have been accepted. The dealers would have been prepared to operate on a larger scale had not the difference in prices over last year's booking shown such a wide disparity.

The latest cotton prices to hand are those of the 28th inst, viz., Middling American Spot 4.60d. Egyptian Sakel, F.G.F. Spot 7.80d.

## Woolens.

The market appears to have fulfilled the season's requirements and except for odd lots Black Venetians on new qualities and a few novelty styles there is nothing of importance to record.

The latest prices to hand are those of the 22nd inst, which show a decline in "tops" of about 1d. per lb. all round. Prices for yarn appear to be steady.

CHINESE SECURITIES  
IN LONDON.RECENT DROP DUE TO  
POLITICAL INFLUENCES.

London, May 5.—Chinese securities dropped noticeably on the news of the deadlock over extraterritoriality and the breach between Canton and Nanking. The older loans of 1890 and 1898 were but little affected, being a half and one point down respectively. Birch Crip, 1912, fell 6 1/2 to 4 1/2; George 4 to 65; Shanghai-Nanking Railway 4 1/2 to 4; Hukuang dropped to 23 but recovered to 28.

As yet there seems a disinclination to express any views as to the outcome of events, but *The Times*, in a footnote to its telegram reporting China's announced determination to assume jurisdiction over foreigners at the end of this year, says:

From the beginning, the British Government has insisted that Shanghai and the other three principal treaty ports must be outside the scope of the negotiations. The municipal councils in those settlements could scarcely continue to function with any efficiency of extraterritoriality were abolished. Moreover, so many other Powers have interests in those ports that it would be invidious for Great Britain to negotiate alone with China on matters of vital concern to the settlements. The Chinese Government objects to this exemption, and desires that the new system, when it is introduced, should apply to the whole of China, including the treaty ports.

In spite of the deadlock which has arisen over this question, it is not thought likely that—as is being put about from Chinese sources—the Chinese Government will take the extreme step of decreeing the abolition of extraterritoriality without waiting for the consent of the Powers whose subjects are affected. Such a step, it is pointed out, could only stiffen the attitude both of Great Britain and of the other Powers concerned, and would inevitably postpone the settlement towards which good progress was being made.



**Grand Macnish**  
AND  
**McNISH SPECIAL  
SCOTCH WHISKY**  
"The Whiskies you ask for again"  
LANE CRAWFORD & CO., HONG KONG

## Which are your interests?

## Monday SPORT.

Local Sport, Results of Week End Games.

## Tuesday MOTORING.

Local and World News of interest to Motorists.

## Wednesday AVIATION.

A page of interesting information about the latest developments in flying.

## HOME RACING.

Home Racing Notes, contributed by an expert.

## BOOK REVIEWS.

Reviews of carefully selected books and novels which will interest people of intelligence.

## Thursday RADIO.

Wireless News, contributed by a local enthusiast.

## Friday WOMAN'S PAGE.

Of value to all women who take an interest in matters of Dress, contributed by a local expert.

## Saturday BUILDING &amp; ENGINEERING.

News from Home, China and Hong Kong.

## RACING.

Local Racing by "Morning Dew."

## "Mr. PEYS IN HONG KONG."

THE FEATURES OF THE HONG KONG DAILY PRESS WHICH WE HAVE MENTIONED ABOVE, OBVIOUSLY ATTRACT CERTAIN KINDS OF PEOPLE—THE MORE INTELLIGENT, THE BETTER EDUCATED, AND THE MODERATE CLASSES OF ALL NATIONALITIES IN THE COLONY; IN SHORT, IT IS READ BY PEOPLE WHO SPEND FREELY, AND WHO ARE IN A POSITION TO BUY HIGH-CLASS GOODS.

THE  
HONG KONG DAILY PRESS.











# CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SOOCHOW"	On 2nd June, Noon
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TAIYUAN"	On 3rd June, 5 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"NANNING"	On 3rd June, 5 p.m.
SHANGHAI, NEWCHANG & DALNY	"TEAN"	On 3rd June, 5 p.m.
BANGKOK	"KWEIYANG"	On 4th June, Noon
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"KINGYUAN"	On 4th June, Noon
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HATPHONG	"KINGCHOW"	On 4th June, 2 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANSHUN"	On 7th June, 8 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SHANTUNG"	On 7th June, Noon
SHANGHAI, NEWCHANG & DALNY	"LINAN"	On 8th June, 5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"LUOHOW"	On 9th June, Noon
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TSINAN"	On 10th June, 5 p.m.
SWATOW, FOCHOW, WEIHAIWEI, OHSPOO & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 12th June, 2 p.m.
HOIHOW, PAKHOI & HATPHONG	"KIUNGCHOW"	On 19th June, 2 p.m.
SWATOW, FOCHOW, WEIHAIWEI, OHSPOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 23rd June, 2 p.m.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For Freight or Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE, TELEPHONE 30331.

CARGO AND BAGGAGE CAN BE INSURED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE.

## TRAVEL A.O. LINE

To AUSTRALIA. Calling at Manila (P. I.), Thursday L. Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.

BRITISH STEAMERS: CHANGTAE - TAIPIING (oil).

FASTEST AND MOST UP-TO-DATE STEAMERS IN THE SERVICE.

ELECTRIC LAUNDRY, BARBER SHOP, SUIROBON AND STEWARDESS CARRIED.

Enjoy Your Short Leave in Australia and New Zealand, Hong Kong, Sydney—19 Days.

FIRST CLASS FARE TO SYDNEY, 278 RETURN.

LONDON (via Australia) from 2139-15-3.

(Australian Newspapers on file)

STEAMER	Due Hong Kong	Leave Hong Kong	Leave Manila	Due Sydney
CHANGTAE	12th June	16th June	20th July	8th July
TAIPIING	10th July	17th July	21st Aug.	8th Aug.
CHANGTAE	11th Aug.	18th Aug.	24th May	8th Sept.
TAIPIING	8th Sept.	15th Sept.	18th Sept.	4th Oct.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE, Agents—HONG KONG—SHANGHAI

## THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD. COPENHAGEN.

The M.S. "MALAYA"

on or about 2nd JULY

For PORT SAID, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN AND OTHER SCANDINAVIAN &amp; BALTO PORTS.

SAILING LIST.

Other Sailings:	SHANGHAI, ETC.	CONFIDENT, ETC.
M.S. "Malaya"	3rd June	2nd July
M.S. "Africa"	27th June	28th July
M.S. "Annam"	30th July	30th August
M.S. "Danmark"	28th August	28th September

Optional Bills of Lading issued to United Kingdom Ports.

For further particulars, please apply to:—

JOHN MANNERS &amp; CO., LTD.

MARSHALLS BANK BUILDING, Agents.

Telephone 34071.

## PRINCE LINE

FREQUENT SERVICE

BOSTON AND NEW YORK

CALLING AT NAPLES

MALAYAN PRINCE ... June 2nd

CINGALESE PRINCE ... July 1st

Excellent Accommodation for a Limited Number of Passengers at Moderate Rates.

Fare—Hong Kong to Naples.....£58

For other Passage rates, Freight, etc., apply to:—

## FURNESS (FAR EAST) LIMITED.

(Incorporated in Great Britain.)

King's Building.

Telephone: 33165.

Telegrams: Furaprince.

## SUN SHIPPING Co., Ltd.

(Messrs. MITCHELL COTTS &amp; Co., Managers)

NEXT SAILING

of the

## S.S. "CAPE ST. FRANCIS"

Will be on

JUNE 25th

Accepting cargo for Renmon and Mauritius.

## DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

## ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	MAY 30, 1931.										MAY 31, 1931.									
	Barom. at Sea Level	Temp. Air	Temp. Sea	Temp. Wind	Humidity	Wind Dir.	Wind Force	Clouds	State of Sky	Barom. at Sea Level	Temp. Air	Temp. Sea	Temp. Wind	Humidity	Wind Dir.	Wind Force	Clouds	State of Sky	Barom. at Sea Level	Temp. Air
Wladivostok	12	29.07	75.3	...	...	ENE	1	...	...	6	29.24	75.0	...	...	NW	2	...	...	...	...
Nemuro	11	29.07	75.3	...	...	ENE	1	...	...	5	29.24	75.0	...	...	NW	2	...	...	...	...
Hakodate	...	29.80	75.7	...	...	W	1	...	...	...	29.92	76.0	...	...	N	0	...	...	...	...
Tokio	...	29.84	75.9	...	...	WNW	1	...	...	...	29.88	75.9	...	...	N	1	...	...	...	...
Kobe	...	29.84	76.0	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	29.84	75.9	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki	...	29.86	75.5	...	...	SE	1	...	...	...	29.84	75.9	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	...
Kagoshima	...	29.88	75.9	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	29.78	75.6	...	...	ENE	1	...	...	...	...
Oshima	...	29.80	75.7	...	...	S	1	...	...	...	29.63	75.3	...	...	...	0	...	...	...	...
Naha	...	29.76	75.6	...	...	S	4	...	...	...	29.65	75.3	...	...	S	5	...	...	...	...
Ishigakijima	...	29.72	75.5	...	...	S	3	...	...	...	29.69	75.4	...	...	SW	3	...	...	...	...
Bonin Island	...	30.00	76.2	...	...	S	1	...	...	...	29.90	75.5	...	...	S	4	...	...	...	...
Chefoo	15	29.79	75.6	74	...	E	4	b	6	...	29.77	75.1	65	...	S	1	o	...	...	...
Shanghai	14	29.76	75.5	70	6	E	2	o	...	...	29.88	75.8	68	6	N	2	o	...	...	...
Gutzlaff	...	29.87	75.8	65	...	NE	4	o	...	...	30.01	76.2	64	...	NE	1	o	...	...	...
Wanchow	...	29.64	75.2	82	4	S	2	bc	7	...	29.88	75.7	68	8	NNE	4	o	...	...	...
Foochow	...	29.68	75.3	80	4	S	4	c	6	...	29.81	75.7	75	4	ENE	2	d	...	...	...
Amoy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Swatow	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taihou	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taihu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tainan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koshun	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pescadore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hong Kong	14	29.69	75.4	87	8	SW	3	c	6	...	29.71	75.6	82	6	WSW	2	bc	...	...	...
Gap Rock	...	29.69	75.4	89	7	SW	4	o	...	...	29.69	75.4	81	6	SW	4	o	...	...	...
Macao	...	29.66	75.3	88	4	WSW	4	c	...	...	29.69	75.4	81	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hoibow	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pratas Island	...	29.74	75.5	88	8	SSW	4	c	6	...	29.74	75.5	79	6	WNW	2	ti	...	...	...
Phulion	16	29.84	75.2	81	1	S	6	lt	7	...	29.71	75.6	79	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tourane	...	29.67	75.3	89	8	NNW	2	b	...	...	29.72	75.8	79	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James	...	29.81	75.7	80	8	SSW	4	t	...	...	29.84	75.9	81	7	SW	4	c	...	...	...
Basco	14	29.78	75.5	80	6	W	2	o	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aparri	...	29.74	75.5	94	4	NNW	4	o	...	...	29.79	75.7	77	0	S	4	o	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.78	75.8	76	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vigan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.78	75.6	79	8	SE	2	bc	...	...	...
Manila	...	29.76	75.5	91	8	WSW	4	bc	...	...	29.83	75.7	79	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Legaspi	...	29.74	75.5	93	8	NE	4	b	...	...	29.83	75.7	83	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calbayog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tacloban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.83	75.7	81	8	SSW	2	b	...	...	...
Hollo	...	29.74	75.5	98	8	NE	4	b	...	...	29.82	75.3	81	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cebu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.84	75.7	83	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Surigao	...	29.76	75.5	98	8	E	2	o	...	...	29.82	75.3	77	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saipan	11.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Guam	12.22	29.84	75.7	...	6	NE	4	o	4.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yap	11.00	29.82	75.7	...	6	ENE	2	bc	5	...	29.89	75.9	...	6	SW	2	r	...	...	...
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.80	75.6	90	1	SW	4	b	6	...	29.82	75.7	78	...	NE	...	...	...	...	...

May 31d. 10A. 15m.—Pressure remains low over S. China. A depression has formed over the Eastern Sea. Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total, since January 1, 22.71 inches, against an average of 23.32 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON JUNE 1.

DISTRICT.

- 1.—Formosa Channel
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamocks
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan

S.W. or variable winds, moderate; generally cloudy, some rain.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

## HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, May 31.

Barometer	Previous Day at 4 p.m.	On Date at 10 a.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.
Temperature	29.63	29.75	29.77
Humidity	86	85	77
Wind	75	86	94
Direction	SW	NW	Calm
Force	3	1	0
Weather	0	C	O
Rain	0.0	0.0	0.29

Highest open-air Temperature, 29.77

Lowest open-air Temperature, 29.77

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M= Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

## DON'T FORGET

THAT WHEN  
You are at Home  
you can get the  
HONG KONG  
DAILY PRESS  
at SELFRIDGES.

## HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

From June 1 to 7, 1931.

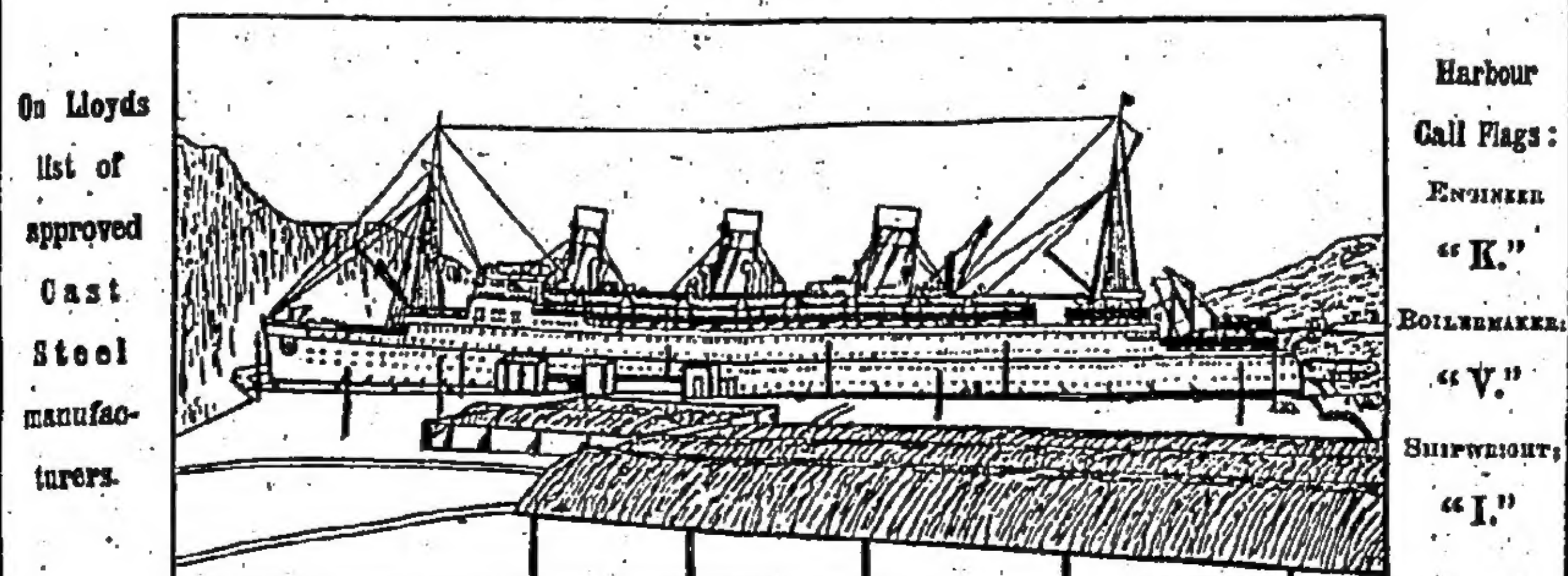
Days of Week	Date of Month	HIGH WATER.		LOW WATER.	
		Hong Kong Standard Time	Height	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Mon.	1	h. m.	ft. in.	h. m.	ft. in.
		09 08	7 4	03 35	2 9
Tues.	2	23 25	4 3	16 20	0 2
		09 44	7 8	03 53	3 2
Wed.	3	09 20	7 1	17 11	0 3
		10 25	7 6	18 03	0 6
Thur.	4	01 10	4 1	04 04	0 6
		11 04	7 4	18 55	3 9
Fri.	5	02 10	4 1	04 30	0 9
		11 44	7 2	19 45	3 9
Sat.	6	02 25	4 0	04 55	3 8
		12 21	8 6	20 34	1 1
Sun.	7	13 00	0 1	21 17	1 4

## THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

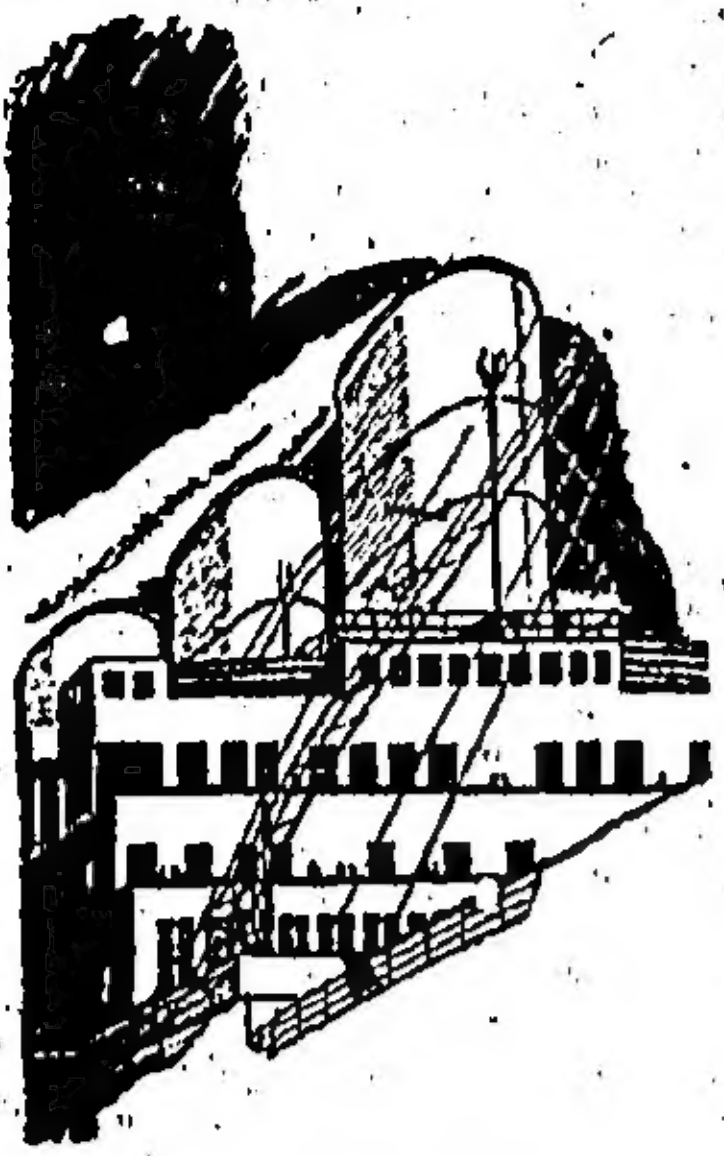
Head Office and Works:

Telegrams: "MANIFESTO, HONGKONG." KOWLOON, HONG KONG (Telephones: HONGKONG OFFICE 28020, KOWLOON DOCK 58053.)

DOCK OWNERS, SHIP DESIGNERS AND BUILDERS, MARINE AND LAND ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS, IRON, STEEL AND BRASS FOUNDERS, FORGE MASTERS, WELDERS AND ELECTRICIANS.







## GREAT WHITE LINERS

Largest and fastest on  
the Pacific cut  
DAYS OFF  
Ocean travel to the  
Pacific Coast

**"Go  
Empress"**

12 DAYS FROM CHINA AND 8 DAYS FROM JAPAN  
TO CANADA AND U.S.A.

Empress of Asia	June 5	June 8	June 11	June 13	June 22
Empress of Canada	June 20	June 23	June 26	June 27	July 3
Empress of Russia	July 3	July 6	July 9	July 11	July 20
Empress of Japan	July 18	July 21	July 24	July 25	July 31
Empress of Asia	July 31	Aug. 3	Aug. 6	Aug. 8	Aug. 17
Empress of Canada	Aug. 18	Aug. 21	Aug. 24	Aug. 25	Sept. 1
Empress of Russia	Aug. 25	Aug. 28	Aug. 31	Sept. 3	Sept. 12
Empress of Japan	Sept. 12	Sept. 15	Sept. 18	Sept. 19	Sept. 27
Empress of Asia	Sept. 27	Oct. 1	Oct. 3	Oct. 5	Oct. 12
Empress of Canada	Oct. 12	Oct. 15	Oct. 18	Oct. 19	Oct. 25
Empress of Russia	Oct. 25	Oct. 28	Oct. 31	Nov. 1	Nov. 9
Empress of Japan	Nov. 9	Nov. 12	Nov. 15	Nov. 16	Nov. 22
Empress of Asia	Nov. 22	Nov. 25	Nov. 28	Nov. 29	Dec. 7
Empress of Canada	Dec. 7	Dec. 10	Dec. 13	Dec. 14	Dec. 20

"Empress of Russia" and "Empress of Asia" call at Nagasaki

## MANILA

Leave	Arrive
EMPRESS OF CANADA ... June 12	June 14
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA ... June 25	June 27

CANADIAN  
PACIFIC

Telephones: Passenger 20755; Freight 20942



REDUCE THROUGH TICKETS TO EUROPE VIA U.S.A.  
VARYING FROM £83 TO £120 ON SALE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu

TAIYO MARU ... Tuesday, 9th June

OHIOCHIBU MARU ... Wednesday, 24th June

SEATTLE, VANCOUVER via Shanghai & Japan Ports.

HIYU MARU ... Tuesday, 2nd June

HEIAN MARU ... Tuesday, 30th June

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,

via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.

KATORI MARU ... Saturday, 13th June

KASHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 27th July

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Port.

ATSUTA MARU ... Saturday, 27th June

KAMO MARU ... Saturday, 20th July

MANILA.

TAIYO MARU ... Monday, 1st June

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

KAGA MARU ... Thursday, 11th June

HAKODATE MARU ... Saturday, 27th June

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

GINYO MARU ... Tuesday, 30th June

NEW YORK, BOSTON via PANAMA.

TAKETOYO MARU ... Sunday, 14th June

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Stamboul (Constantinople),

Genoa & Marseilles.

DAKAR MARU ... Monday, 15th June

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

PENANG MARU ... Monday, 8th June

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

TAJIMA MARU ... Thursday, 4th June

MUROHAN MARU ... Friday, 5th June

HAKONE MARU ... Friday, 12th June

For further information, apply to—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,

Telephone 30291. (Private exchange to all Depots.)



## FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

To Marseilles via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Rangoon (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.

PORTHOUS ... 9th June

CHENONCEAUX ... 23rd June

ATHOS II ... 7th July

DARTAGNAN ... 21st July

ANDRE LEBON ... 4th Aug.

FELIX ROUSSEL ... 18th Aug.

G. METZINGER ... 1st Sept.

SPHINX ... 15th Sept.

To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.

ATHOS II ... 9th June

DARTAGNAN ... 23rd June

ANDRE LEBON ... 7th July

FELIX ROUSSEL ... 21st July

G. METZINGER ... 4th Aug.

## Shipping News

Week-End Statement, Waterfront News.

## WEEK-END FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS 28,100 TONS;  
THROUGH CARGO  
83,600 TONS.

The returns, shown at the Harbour Office, of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the week ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:—

Saturday, 9 a.m.

Cargo for Through Ports.

British H.K. Ports.

Tilawa, Amoy 345 078

Kwaiyang, Hoilow 1,593 33

Szechuen, Canton — 28

Benlomond, Manila 200 2,300

Kaitangata, Kaitangata 2,600 —

Kamo, Saigon 1,700 —

Kittawa, Woody Island 600 —

Hydrangea, Swatow 124 —

Total 7,133 3,041

Norwegian Hoihow 3,325 —

Japanese Harunaru Maru, Shanghai 13 5,800

Tango Maru, Singapore 1 6,716

Chinese Mao Lee, Dairen 500 1,400

Tak Hing, Autau 200 —

Total 11,472 17,147

Arrivals and Departures.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:

Arr. Dep.

British 10 0

American 1 0

Norwegian 1 0

Japanese 3 2

Chinese 2 4

German 0 1

Total 17 12

Yesterday 9 a.m.

Cargo for Through Ports.

British Patrochus, Singapore 703 3,800

Admiral, Singapore 240 6,650

Yuen Sang, Singapore 64 1,329

Canton, 203 —

Soochow, Swatow 400 500

Liangchow, Saigon — 2,000

Bornoo, Saigon 2,148 —

Benlomond, Singapore 1,500 4,500

American Pres. Taff, Manila 232 2,577

Pres. Fillmore, Shanghai 1,564 3,074

City of Elwood, Manila 12 5,900

Sipora, Samarinda 1,090 —

German Trier, Shanghai 2 3,751

Danish Gertrude, Shanghai 100 1,500

Michael, Bangkok 2,916 —

Total 3,016 1,500

## Norwegian Produce.

Kielung 450 1,000

Hellas, Swatow 1,500 —

French Albert Sarraut, Saigon 2,500 —

Total 16,648 36,437

Arrivals and Departures.

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:

Arr. Dep.

British 8 6

American 3 2

Dutch 1 1

German 1 0

Danish 2 0

Norwegian 2 1

Chinese 1 2

Japanese 0 6

Portuguese 0 1

Total 18 18

ASIATIC DECK PASSENGERS.

The following vessels brought Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the week ending at 9 a.m. yesterday:—

Saturday, 9 a.m.

Tilawa (British) Osaka, 254

Kwaiyang (British) Bangkok, Hoilow 82

Hydrangea (British) Swatow 307

Daviken (Nor.) Bangkok, Hoilow 66

Tango Maru (Jap.) Bombay, Singapore 124

Waishing, B27 Liangchow, C1

Michael, C2 Helias, C4 Hai-hing, C5 Kamo, C8 Produce.

Total 833

## Yesterday, 9 a.m.

Yuen Sang (British) Calcutta, Singapore 1,658

Soochow (British) Shanghai, Swatow 142

Bornoo (British) Saigon 232

Pres. Taff (Am.) Manila 67

Michael, C2 Helias, C4 Hai-hing, C5 Kamo, C8 Produce.

Total 1,658

SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

The following merchant vessels were in port yesterday:—

Wharves:—Kowloon: Yuensang;

Holt's: Adaratus; Socony—Dan-chukok; Irishank; Osaka Shosen

Kaisha: Hozan Maru.

Docks:—Kowloon: Helios; Lim-chow, Marley; Tai-ko; Kiungchow, President Cleveland, Nanning, Tung On, Luchow;

Buoys:—A1 Taiyo Maru, A4 Hiye Maru, A5 City of Elwood, A6 Kinn Maru, A8 Burdwan, A9 Tilawa, A10 Chian Lee, A12 Gertrude Maersk, A15 New Multihide, B3 Daviken, B6 Kwei-yang, B14 Szechuen, B16 Halvard, B17 Mao Lee, B18 Albert Sarraut, B19 Pa-ling Maru, B21 Kaitangata, B22 Waishing, B27 Liangchow, C1 Michael, C2 Helias, C4 Hai-hing, C5 Kamo, C8 Produce.

P. & O., British India  
Apcar and  
Eastern & Australian  
Lines

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).  
MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS  
TAKING CARGO FOR

STRAITS, JAVA, BULMA, OCEAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF  
WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA,  
AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEEN-  
LAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE,  
GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL PORTWORTHLY  
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.  
(Under Contract with H.M. Government)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"KASHMIR"	8,000	6th June	Maru, L'don, Hull, B'm & A'warp
"KASHGAR"	17,000	24th June	Bombay, Marseilles & London
"KASHGAR"	8,000	4th July	Maru, L'don, B'm & A'warp
"KASHGAR"	17,000	18th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London
"KASHGAR"	8,000	28th July	Maru, L'don, B'm & A'warp
"KASHGAR"	8,000	1st Aug.	Maru, L'don, B'm & A'warp
"KASHGAR"	8,000	5th Aug.	Maru, L'don, B'm & A'warp
"KASHGAR"	17,000	15th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
"KASHGAR"	8,000	22nd Aug.	Maru, L'don, B'm & A'warp
"KASHGAR"	8,000	29th Aug.	Maru, L'don, B'm & A'warp
"KASHGAR"	16,000	12th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
"KASHGAR"	8,000	19th Sept.	Maru, L'don, B'm & A'warp
"KASHGAR"	8,000	26th Sept.	Marseilles & London
"KASHGAR"	11,600	10th Oct.	do.
"KASHGAR"	8,000	17th Oct.	Maru, L'don, B'm & A'warp
"KASHGAR"	8,000	24th Oct.	Maru, L'don, B'm & A'warp
"KASHGAR"	16,000	7th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London
"KASHGAR"	11,600	21st Nov.	Marseilles & London

\* Cargo only. † Calls Casablanca. ‡ Calls Port Swettenham.

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Oce-  
anlinople, Firooz, Suez, and other Levant Ports by steamers of  
the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

## BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"SANTHA"	8,000	17th June	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"SANTHA"	10,000	24th June	do.
"SANTHA"	7,000	7th July	do.
"SANTHA"	8,000	21st July	do.

B.I.—Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers.

## EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"ST. ALBANS"	5,000	8th July	Manila, Batavia, Brisbane
"ST. ALBANS"	7,000	1st Aug.	Sydney and Melbourne.
"ST. ALBANS"	7,000	31st Aug.	do.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hong Kong to Shanghai and Japan and Hong Kong to Australia.

Hong Kong to Sydney—19 days.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—

The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand

Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London and

The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via Suez.

The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via

Panama Canal.

## SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TALMA"	10,000	6th June	Amoy, S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
"TALMA"	9,000	13th June	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	20th June	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	27th June	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	4th July	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	11th July	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	18th July	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	25th July	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	1st Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	8th Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	15th Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	22nd Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	29th Aug.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	5th Sept.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	12th Sept.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	19th Sept.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	26th Sept.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	3rd Oct.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	10th Oct.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	9,000	17th Oct.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama

\* Cargo only.</



